Memorial Hall 2 copies Nov 94

ANDOVER TOWNSMAN

Andover everywhere and always, first, last,—the manly straightforward, sober, patriotic, New England Town.—PHILLIPS BROOKS.

$2.00 PER YEAR | ANDOVER, MASS., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1895. | Vol. VIII. No. 49

AUTUMN AND WINTER STYLES

NOW READY.

Men's, Boys' and Children's Autumn and Winter Garments,

ARE NOW READY.

Bicknell Bros., Lawrence, Mass.

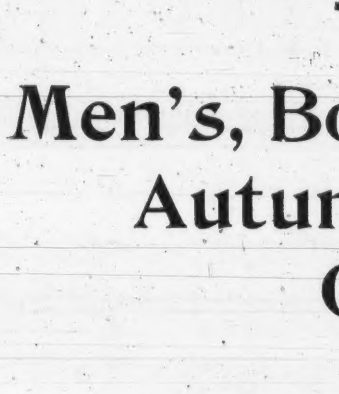
New Fall Styles

NOW IN AND READY FOR INSPECTION AT

P. J. HANNON'S

Carter's Block, - - Main Street.

Two of a Kind



And we have the pair to match them. The Bargains we are offering in shoes are exceptional and unprecedented.

C. H. BELL JR.,

MUSGROVE BLOCK, ANDOVER

C. A. SHATTUCK,

3 P. O. AVENUE.

THE NEW PEDIGREE ROSE.

"Belle Siebrecht."

HYBRID TEA.

A truly superb rose, the result of a cross between "La France' and "Lady Mary Fitzwilliams." Color, imperial pink. Mr. Schuyler F. Matthews, the greatest authority on colors in America, pronounces it a solid pink of the richest shade, a very color. The flowers, which are sweetly perfumed, are large, beautifully formed, and of that long tapering shape, with high center.

WE DO NOT SEND THIS ROSE OUT TO BE TRIED, as we have subjected it to the severest tests for over two years, and we can recommend it as a first-class acquisition. It has received the Gold Medal of the National Rose Society of Great Britain, and first class certificates from all the leading Horticultural Societies of both Europe and America. It has also proved itself to be perfectly hardy out-of-doors in this country, and a free and thorough ever-bloomer.

ALL PLANTS GUARANTEED TO BLOOM THE FIRST SEASON.

FRESH

Ginger Snaps

8 CTS. PER POUND.

4 POUNDS FOR 25 CTS.

P. J. DALY,

2, 4, 10 No. Main Street, Andover.

WITH A BOTTLE

Of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral at hand, one may feel comparatively secure against the various diseases arising from sudden changes of temperature, exposure to drafts and storms, and the inclemencies of spring and fall. "Of the many preparations before the public for the cure of Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, and kindred diseases, there are none, within the range of my experience and observation, so

RELIABLE

as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral," writes Thos. G. Edwards, M. D., of Blanco, Texas.

George W. Dick, of Newton, Mass., says: "Two years ago I took a severe cold, which, being neglected, was followed by a terrible cough. I lost flesh rapidly, had night sweats, and was confined to my bed. A friend advised the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I began to take this medicine, and, before finishing the first bottle, was able to sit up. Four bottles effected a perfect cure."

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Possession to be given Immediately.

A very nice house of 13 rooms, on Abbott St., on gravelly soil, near pine woods, in excellent condition and near churches and schools. The house has an unfailing supply of town water, furnace, bath-room and electric light. Apply to

BARNETT ROGERS, Real Estate Agt, Andover, Mass.

NEW GOODS!

Florida Guava Jelly.
Young America Cheese.
Pineapple Cheese.
Sage Cheese.
Loose Olives.
Puree De Foies Gros.
Russian Caviar
Green Turtle Soup.
Roast Chicken.
Salmon Steak, 1-2 pounds,
50c Boxes Toilet Soap, 25c

CAMPION & CO.

L. J. BACIGALUPO,

Main Street, Andover, Mass.

AGENT FOR

BAKER'S

CHOCOLATES

Bon-Bons in Sealed Packages and Chocolate Pepermints.

Fresh Peaches every day in their season. Grapes, Pears, Plums, Bananas and Lemons.

Soda Water in All Flavors

Arthur Bliss,

APOTHECARY.

PATENT MEDICINES

RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

LOCAL NEWS.

If you see it in the Townsman, it's news to be relied upon; if it is news and so, you'll see it in the Townsman.

Phillips Exeter has 188 students this term, while Andover has about 400.

C. T. Briggs has moved into the new Ellis residence on Main Street.

Rev. Fr. Charles Cullinane is visiting at his home here.

The School Committee will hold its first regular meeting of the year on next Tuesday evening.

Prof D. Y. Comstock, formerly of Phillips Academy, was in town yesterday.

The Andover Grange will have a musical entertainment at its meeting next Tuesday evening.

Among the board of preachers elected for the following year at Dartmouth are Profs. Churchill and Harris of this town.

The Dartmouth College Glee, Banjo and Mandolin Clubs will make their annual appearance here in January next.

Mrs. Rev. Charles Smith and daughter, Miss Carrie Smith, are in town stopping at Mrs. E. L. Abbott's.

Job Abbott has recovered sufficiently to go to Dexter, Me. His brother Ira is at present visiting his mother on Chestnut Street.

Prof. Downs has returned from a quiet summer's stay at his South West Harbor home. Mrs. Downs will return about a week later.

Prof. George Harris is again back at his home on the Hill, after a summer's stay at Bar Harbor.

Capt. Drew of last summer's Phillips Academy ball team has been elected captain of the Freshman base ball team at Dartmouth.

The Andover Band Orchestra furnishes music for the dancing assemblies of the Park Club, the first of which will be to-night in G. A. R. Hall.

Miss Sadie L. Piddington has returned to the Boston Training School of Music, Music Hall, where she is to study "Music in the Public Schools," in connection with her organ work.

The regular quarterly Temperance meeting will be held at the Baptist church next Sunday evening at 7.30 and all who are interested in this cause are cordially invited to attend.

The Woman's Relief Corps are to hold their fair in the Town Hall, October 15 and 16, and as their object is to purchase a soldier's monument it is hoped that every one in town will feel interested to contribute towards it.

The next quarterly meeting of the Andover Christian Endeavor Union will be held at the West Church, Tuesday evening, October 1. Full particulars in regard to the meeting will be given in our next issue.

The hammer that pounded the first nail driven to build the town of Lawrence is in the possession of an Andover family. It was given to a member by the late Daniel Saunders as a token of friendly esteem.

Rev. F. W. Klein conducted the services at the funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Goldsmith last Saturday afternoon at the home of Postmaster Goldsmith on Elm Street. Interment was in the family lot in the South Cemetery.

Lieut. John L. Smith of Co. I and Geo. H. Poor of Co. F. 35th Mass. Inf. Vols., attended the reunion of the survivors of their regiment at Weymouth, Tuesday They are the only survivors residing in Andover. Lieut. Smith was elected a vice-president of the association.

Attention is again called to the District Sunday School Convention at Lawrence next Wednesday afternoon and evening. It will be held in the Lawrence Street Congregational Church. The program is particularly interesting to Sunday School workers, and a large attendance from Andover is looked for.

The Examination of the Village School will probably occur Oct. 11. The exact date however will be given next week An extraordinary class will be promoted to the Grammar School. Parents and friends of the pupils, and all others interested are cordially invited to be present. Invitations will be distributed through the town and on presentation at the door will entitle the bearer to a reserved seat.

Walter N. Kingman, formerly the Andover agent for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., has resumed piano and organ instruction and intends making this his profession. Mr. Kingman is well-known in Andover and already has quite a number of pupils here, although his Haverhill pupils occupy most of his time. He will be pleased to hear from Andover acquaintances. His residence is 37 Hancock Street, Haverhill.

At Probate Court this week an inventory of the Moody Russell estate was filed, to the amount of $22,895.98.

Marland Mills have been closed this week to allow repairs to be made on the engine.

The families of John H. Flint and Horace H. Tyer have returned to town from their summer home at Newcastle, N. H.

Hardy & Cole are erecting a new house on their land below the Tyer Rubber factory. John McCarthy is building the foundation.

A track is to be laid soon across the field, which has been occupied by the Niotus Club, to a new coal dumping place for Marland Mills.

The Benjamin Boynton estate in West Parish has been sold by Real estate Rogers to W. N. Pike of Malden. Mr. Pike is a contractor, being of the firm of Peabody & Pike.

The grocery stores of T. A. Holt & Co., Smith & Manning, and J. H. Campion & Co., closed Tuesday evening to give their clerks an opportunity to witness some of the Lawrence celebration.

Miss Mackeown, the Lawrence milliner, announces an informal reception for Sept. 26 and Sept. 27, to which she extends a cordial invitation to her Andover friends and patrons.

Florist Piddington extends an invitation to the public through our advertising columns to visit his greenhouses on any afternoon except Sunday. They are just now especially attractive.

Holt, the giant guard of last year's Phillips foot-ball eleven, will, without doubt, make the Harvard team this year. He is already showing up finely and receiving many complimentary notices.

John Cumnock and part of his family are visiting in town for a short time and stopping at the Mansion House. Mr. Cumnock will be pleasantly remembered as a resident here some years ago.

The leading candidates for the Republican representative nomination at present seem to be the present incumbent, L. Edgar Osgood, and William Halliday, Jr., of North Andover.

The Lawrence new Church Society, (Swedenborgian) in Central Building, Lawrence, holds a Sunday bible class at 6 P.M., and services at 7.30 P.M., Rev. John A. Hayes speaks next Sunday on "The Search of Truth." The reading room is open Saturdays from 3 to 9 P.M.

Prof. Turner of Boston will lecture in the Town Hall on Friday evening, Sept. 27, at 8 o'clock. His subject will be "An Illustrated Trip to Europe." 150 dissolving views will be used to illustrate the lecture. It will be highly interesting and will be given for the benefit of the new St. Augustine's church.

Memorial services for the late Rev. W. A. Keese of Trinity church Lawrence, will be held at that place this evening at 7.30 o'clock. The speakers will be Rev. George E. Merrill of Newton; Rev. DeWitt S. Clark, D. D., of Salem; Rev. W. E. Wolcott and Rev. G. H. Young of Lawrence and Prof. J. W. Churchill of this town.

Frederick E. Newton, who takes Mr. Benedict's place as instructor in English studies, was formerly a member of P. A. '93 during the middle year. At the end of the middle year he entered Sheffield Scientific School of Yale College taking his degree last June. During his course at Yale he was elected to the editorial board of the Yale *Scientific Monthly* and also joined Sigma Chi, the leading Sheffield Society.

"Beautiful for situation" is Pittsfield, the chosen convention city of the Massachusetts Christian Endeavor Union, nestling as it does among the Berkshire Hills. More beautiful is this city during the early part of October, the time assigned to the convention, when Nature will array herself in her gayest attire and be most ready to assist in Pittsfield's welcome to the visiting delegates. The dates of the convention are Oct. 8 and 9.

The numerous friends and acquaintances of Herbert Edwin Gage will be pleased to know of his marriage, which occurred in Plaistow, Wednesday, to Miss Harriet Frances Clark. Mr. Gage is a nephew of J. Newton Cole, and has visited here often. He is now a civil engineer in the emyloy of the Boston & Albany Railroad. The wedding was a fashionable event and took place at the bride's home. They will reside in Allston.

Recorder E. E. Trefry of Lincoln Lodge, A. O. U. W., forwarded to the widow of the late Thomas Taylor last week a check for $2000, the insurance which he held in that organization. The payment was very prompt. In this connection Mrs. Taylor wishes to express to the members of Lincoln Lodge her heartfelt appreciation of their kindness towards her deceased husband and the family, and for the brotherly love shown by them in attending the funeral in so large numbers and conducting the impressive burial service.

Every woman needs a pair of scissors, and a good article is the best in the end. In his endeavor to supply an article which shall be the best, H. McLawlin, our hardware dealer, has recently got in a stock of imported scissors and razors, made especially for him and stamped with his name. He fully believes that they are first-class articles and confidently expects that they will prove such. Anyone desiring scissors or razors will do well to examine them.

The fall term at Abbot Academy began yesterday. The exact number of pupils is not yet known, but it is understood it will be smaller than last year. The teachers, pupils and friends are glad to welcome back Miss Merrill, teacher of French, who has spent a pleasant and profitable year in Europe. Among the faculty will be found three new faces, Miss Frances Bancroft, daughter of Dr. Bancroft of Phillips, who will be teacher of history, Miss Ruth Franklin, who has the Greek department and Miss Maud Munson, who will be Latin instructor.

The Theological Seminary opened on Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The Senior and Middle classes have received several additions in their membership, and the whole number in the Seminary will probably be fully as large as last year. Prof. Smythe met the Seniors at the opening hour, Prof. Harris the Middlers, and Prof. Ryder the Juniors. Prof. English of Newton Theological Seminary, who is to have temporary charge of the department of Homiletics and Sacred Rhetoric, gives his first lecture to-day. He will meet his classes on Wednesdays and Fridays.

Parsons and Pool's Uncle Tom's Cabin Company, which showed in the Town Hall last Friday evening, drew out a good sized audience and gave a very pleasing entertainment. It was much beyond the troups, which have given the same play here the last few years. The company was handicapped in the first place by the stage, which is almost useless for an entertainment of this kind, and which prevented the use of most of their scenery. The features of the show were Topsy, Gumption Cute, Marks and the singing of the colored quartette. Topsy especially was a good performer, being a singer, dancer and banjo player, and doing her part finely. But after all the old negro melodies by the quartette were about as pleasing as anything and they received several recalls.

Caucus Calls.

REPUBLICAN.

The call for the Republican caucus is as follows:

The Republicans of Andover are requested to meet in Town Hall, Wednesday, Sept. 25, 1895, at 7.45 o'clock P.M., for the purpose of choosing their delegates to the Republican State, Councillor, County, District Attorney, Senatorial and Representative Conventions of 1895 and to choose their town committee for the year beginning January 1, 1896, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

This caucus is called and must be held in accordance with Chapter 489 of the Acts of 1895, and will be called to order by the Chairman of the Republican Town Committee.

WILLIAM ODLIN, *Chairman.*
Andover, Mass., Sept. 16, 1895.

DEMOCRATIC.

The call for the Democratic caucus reads the same as the above, with the exception that it will be held on Friday evening, Sept. 27, and is signed by John J. Sweeney, Chairman of the Town Committee.

While staying in the Delta (Mississippi Bottoms) last summer, E. T. Moss, representing Ludlow, Taylor Wire Co., of St. Louis, suffered from malaria and became subject to attacks of cholera morbus. In every instance when attacked he was relieved as if by magic, by using Chamberlains Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. He says "I regard it as the 'ne plus ultra' of medicines." For sale by Druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by Arthur Bliss.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest United States Government Food Report. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 106 Wall St., N.Y.

Business Cards.

WILLIAM P. REGAN,
ARCHITECT.
Offic, Essex Bank Building, Lawrence.
Residence, Andover. P.O. Box 387.

T. P. HARRIMAN,
BLACKSMITHING, OX SHOEING
Hors Shoeing.
PARK STREET, ANDOVER.

JOHN HENDERSON.
Carpenter . and . Builder.
Mineral St., Andover.
All jobbing promptly attended to. Orders can be sent through the mail or left at shop. 5-11-tf

B. CUMMINGS,
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
Dealer in Lumber.
hop, Cor. Park and Bartlet Sts.
RESIDENCE, PUNCHARD AVE., - - ANDOVER, MASS

B. B. TUTTLE,
EXPRESSING AND JOB WORK.
Piano and Furniture Moving.
PARK STREET.
All orders entrusted promptly attended to.

W. H. HIGGINS;
Elm House Stables
Carriages furnished for all kinds of parties, weddings, etc. First-class teams. Prompt and efficient service. Horses, carriages, etc., constantly on hand, for sale or exchange.
ELM SQUARE, ANDOVER.

T. J. FARMER,
FISH OF ALL KINDS, OYSTERS,
Clams and Lobsters.
POST OFFICE AVENUE.

GEO. PIDDINGTON,
FLORIST!
Easter and Cala Lillies, Roses and Violets now in. Designs at short notice.
GREENHOUSES ON SCHOOL ST

M. V. GLEASON,
MASON AND CONTRACTOR.
Mason work of all kinds executed promptly
16 Maple Ave., Andover.

M. E. WHITE,
Successor to E. Gile.
Mason and Builder.
Special attention given to setting Fire Places and Tiling. Kalsomining, Whitening and Tinting done in the best manner at right prices.
Essx Street, Andover.

J. P. WAKEFIELD,
MEATS, PROVISIONS, POULTRY
Orders Promptly filled.
Shop, Main St., Andover.

MILO H. GOULD,
MILK DEALER.
Milk in glas jars delivered in all parts of Andover, at the regular price.
P. O. Box 229, Andover, Mass.

E. BUTTERWORTH,
MUSIC.-- VOCAL INSTRUCTOR.
Terms on Application.
MAIN ST., NORTH ANDOVER.

MAUD MARION COLE,
Teacher of Piano.
Chestnut St., Andover.

SADIE L. PIDDINGTON,
Teacher of Piano AND Organ
Pipe Organ a Specialty. Boston Training School Method.
No. 7 SCHOOL ST

GEO. S. FULLER, M.D.V.
VETERINARY SURGEON
Office at Elm House Stable,
ANDOVER, MASS.

E. J ROWE.
Dealer n Wall Paper
Painting and Decorating.
P. O. AVENUE, ANDOVER, MASS.

NEW
LAWRENCE - ANDOVER
EXPRESS
JOHN YOUNG, Proprietor.
Order Boxes at the Post Office Andover, and Miller's Shoe shop Ballardvale.

Malden Neighbors.

An extract from Hayward's *Gazeteer* published in 1857 may furnish a little amusement. After relating how Malden was once "Mystic Side" of Charlestown, first settled in 1640 and incorporated in 1649, he says "Until the erection of Charles River and Malden bridges in 1786 and 1787, this town was as far "down east" in regard to its connection with Boston, by roads and bridges, as any town in the county of York in the state of Maine, now is. In those days, a Malden lady, wishing to visit Boston by land, had to rise early, and travel by wagon, side saddle, or pillion, through Medford, Charlestown, Cambridge, "Little Cambridge" (Brighton,) Brookline, Roxbury, and "*over the* Neck" to the great metropolis, and when arrived was so fatigued by her day's journey that she had to rest a day or two before she was able to make her "calls." But, now, how changed! Those cruel turnpike killers, and despisers of horse flesh,—the legislature of Massachusetts,—have granted permission to a number of men *to set up* a long, narrow building on trundles, a sort of travelling meeting house, with a bell to it, and a row of pews on each side of the aisle, drawn by a savage looking beast, that keeps puffing and whistling like a north easter, and, when started, seems as if Satan himself couldn't catch him. By this mode of travelling, a lady or gentlemen at Malden may leave home at almost any hour, go south to Boston, a distance of five miles, see their friends, do their errands, and return, in one short, sunny hour.

What would our jolly old compiler say to a round trip from Andover Post Office to Malden through the then impassable Wilmington and Malden marsh and swamp in the hour, maybe!

C. H. A.

A Hundred Years Ago.

A hundred years ago the postoffice carried only 2,000 pieces of mail a day. Now there are more than 9000 letters and packages dropped into the mails every minute. In 1892 there were handled 15,000,000 pieces. The registry letter system has been vastly developed, so that only one letter in every 15,000 pieces of matter ever goes astray and becomes lost. As far back as three years ago it was carefully estimated that the letter carriers of Uncle Sam delivered in a year 55,00,000 registered letters, 1,335,000,000 other letters, 275,000,000 postal cards and 600,000,000 newspapers, besides collecting 300,000,000 local letters, 750,900,000 mail letters, 116,900,000 local and 150,000,000 mail postal cards, and 200,000,000 newspapers.

A Lesson in English.

"Stick to English, my boy; stick to English," is a wise exhortation, although we seldom heed it unless it comes to us in as forcible a manner as it is reported to have come to Franklin. It is said that Benjamin Franklin, the American, was not unlike other boys in his love for big words, and that one day he told his father that he had swallowed some acephalous molluscs, whereupon his alarmed parent shrieked for help. The mother came in with warm water and forced half a gallon down Benjamin's throat, then held him upside down, the father saying: "If we don't get those things out of Bennie he'll be poisioned sure." When Benjamin was allowed to get his breath, he explained that the articles referred to were oysters. His father was so indignant that he whipped him for frightening the family. Franklin never afterwards used a word of two syllables when a monosyllable would do.

Funny Bits.

Lawyer Quibble: What was the greatest trial you ever presided over, Judge? Judge Kidby: Bringing up ten daughters, sir.—*Harper's Bazar.*

A-sitting sat the setting hen,
A setting sat the sitting,
If sitting sets the sitting, then
Which setting sets the sitting?
—*Mass. Ploughman.*

Pure Blood

Is the great requisite for good health, because the blood is the vital fluid which carries nourishment and support to all the organs of the body. Make your blood pure now by the use of the great blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla. Prof. Edwin P. Norton, professor of French and German at Olivet College, Michigan, writes: "We have always found



Hood's Sarsaparilla

of great value in restoring vigor, appetite, etc., whenever we have used it."

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills. They assist digestion.

One of Andover's Needs.

Real Estate Agent Rogers states that desirable tenements to rent in town are very few and it is almost impossible to supply the demand with any kind of satisfaction. High, low and medium priced tenements are scarce. The field would seem to be a good one for investments and it is often remarked that it seems funny that more of our moneyed men and institutions do not erect cottages, blocks or tenements in some form, where the demand seems to exceed the supply.

Reading is in somewhat the same plight, according to the *Chronicle* of that place, which recently made the following statement that might well apply in part at least to Andover:

"Rents in Reading are high, i. e., first class tenements can be had for a fair price, but good, substantial tenements, with any of the latter day improvments, are really beyond the reach of the ordinary laboring man.

The latter cannot well afford to pay for a month's rent more than what comes to him for a week's wages. If his rent costs him more then he is living beyond his means, and either must economize in his living, or be in arrears to the storekeeper.

How many tenements are there in Reading that can be hired for ten dollars a month? Very few. Below $15.00 monthly rental there are very few desirable tenements here.

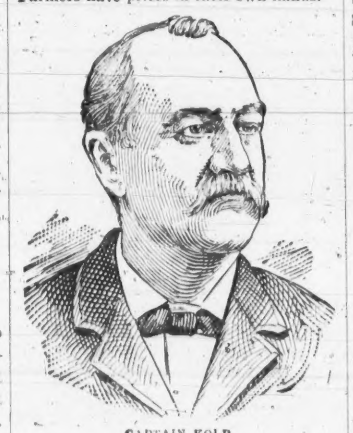
It is possible to build a good cottage house and rent it for $10, and still make a profitable investment. Two hundred dollars will buy a good enough lot of land, and $1000 will build the house. Ten dollars a month is 10 per cent. gross income, from which must be deducted taxes, (say $15), insurance (trifling) and repairs (not a great item).

We believe such an investment would average to net six or seven per cent. yearly, pretty good interest these days, and at the rate that Reading has been growing the past five years the value of the property would greatly appreciate in the near future.

COTTON CROP IS "SHY."

Populist Kolb Advises Farmers to Hold Out For High Prices.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Sept. 16.—Reuben F. Kolb has issued an address to the cotton planters of the south. He says the wet season has greatly damaged the crop, and early frosts are liable to reduce it another million bales. He estimates that the entire product will not exceed 7,000,000 bales and may fall below 6,500,000. Farmers have prices in their own hands.



CAPTAIN KOLB.

The address goes on to say that no cotton should be marketed during the next 60 or 90 days except to meet debts, and Captain Kolb expresses the opinion that if the farmers hold their cotton until November and December and then market it slowly they are sure to get 10 cents or more a pound for it.

Skipping From Portland.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 17.—Every hour adds sensational details to the big robbery which was discovered in this city on Saturday. George B. Merrow, one of those implicated in the affair, has been at liberty on bail, but was last night rearrested and lodged in jail. Several prominent persons, who are supposed to be implicated in this robbery, have disappeared, as has John McDonald, the state's principal witness.

The Victorian at Boston.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—The new four-masted steamer Victorian, of the Leyland fleet of freighters, arrived at this port today on her initial trip from Livergool. The new steamer is 512ft. long, 59ft. broad and 39ft. deep, and is of 8766 tons register. She was built to meet the requirements of Lloyd's 100 A1 class.

Great Year For Potatoes.

HOULTON, Me., Sept. 16.—The potato yield in Aroostook county will be nothing short of marvelous this year. It is estimated that there are 40,000 acres planted with tubers this year, and the average yield, 150 bushels to the acre, there will be at least 6,000,000 bushels put into the market.

Amounts to a Million and a Half.

MERRIMAC, Mass., Sept. 17.—Recent developments in the Trull will case indicate that the estate will amount to fully $1,500,000. According to a copy of the original will, which has just been found, the estate must be divided immediately. The two trustees appointed in 1867 are still alive.

Boston's Birthday.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—Flags were displayed from all city buildings yesterday in commemoration of the founding of Boston, 265 years ago. The custom was inaugurated by Mayor Green in 1883, and has been followed by his successors since that time.

Accounts Show a Shortage.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 17.—Frank Murray, who came here from New York to be cashier of the National Folding Box and Paper Company, is missing. An expert has discovered an apparent shortage in his accounts of $1,500.

Appropriations Exhausted.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—An opinion of the city solicitor has been given to warn the members of the city government that they can run up no more bills, as their appropriations are exhausted.

OLD TICKET CHOSEN.

Morton Presidential Boom Launched by Empire State Republicans.

SARATOGA, Sept. 18.—Clear skies and a bracing atmosphere gladdened the hearts of Republican statesmen yesterday. "Reform" is the slogan of the campaign. All other issues were let alone as much as possible, and the battle was made on much the same lines as last year, when the party surprised itself and the nation.



LEVI P. MORTON.

Mr. Platt dominated the situation so completely that there was no fun for the kickers and those who enjoy political rows. The men who were working for Fassett, Coggeshall, Milholland, Bliss, Collins and others last year were shouting for the old ticket and harmony this year. Behind all the state work, behind the platform the speeches of temporary and permanent chairmen there was a quiet purpose to shape all things for the nomination of Mr. Morton for President in 1896.

The state convention closed last night after naming this ticket for presentation to the people of the state in November next:

For secretary of state—John Palmer of Albany.

For comptroller—James E. Roberts of Erie.

For state treasurer—A. B. Colvin of Warren.

For state engineer—C. W. Adams of Oneida.

For attorney-general—F. E. Hancock of Onondaga.

For judge of the court of appeals—Celora E. Martin of Broome.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medecines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com.—Why not give this great medecine a trial as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at Arthur Bliss' Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

AS IN YOUTH
Ayer's Hair Vigor
CORDIALLY INDORSED.



RESTORES
Natural Growth
OF THE
HAIR
—WHEN—
ALL OTHER
Dressings
FAIL.

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THEY SAVED THE NATION

How the Proud Legions Went Down In the War.

A ROLL THAT MEANS SOMETHING.

Some Startling Figures of the Calamities of Camp and Field—What the Soldiers Passed Through—About One Out of Every Two Killed or Injured in the Conflict.

[Copyright, 1895.]

The Warings and those who with them consider it an impertinence for spokesmen of the Grand Army to say, "We saved the nation," have thus far failed to enlighten the liberal public as to who did save it. Waring brought out one echo which declared that at the outside there are not more than 50,000 veterans alive who took part in the fighting. It is often asserted that there are more pensioners on the rolls than there were soldiers in the army at any one time, and so on to the end of a long category of reasons, assumed for not recognizing soldiers' claims. It is also stated that there are more pensioners on the rolls than there are survivors, hence many must be impostors, and that the soldiers who performed but little service are on the same plane as those who bore the brunt of the fighting. In point of fact, there are about 400,000 surviving veterans not now upon the roll, a number large enough to include all the men whose services were so trivial as to give them no claim to pension. The disability laws make no distinction as to length of service.

The pension is for a disability. It may have occurred during the first day of a soldier's term or at the end of four years' hard service. Only a graded service pension could reduce the inequalities which exist with respect to amount of allowance for terms served by the pensioner. The side of the veterans can hardly be set forth with adequacy and still keep within the bounds of self respect and modesty. They went to the war voluntarily when the nation was in danger, and it was the nation which spread abroad at that time, with striking emphasis and display, the idea that all who suffered for the cause would be showered with benefits at the end. Nothing was too good to say to the volunteers then; nothing too much to promise. The nation was saved, and it is a startling commentary upon the result if the people today are unable to recognize its saviors.

Historians and descriptive writers have labored to impress upon this generation the services of leaders of certain armies and of heroes of certain battlefields. Yet with all that has been written and recounted at the fireside, the risks taken, the deeds of valor performed, the sufferings that fell to the armies universally and to every man in them and the daring exposure of life and limb for the glory of the flag are but little understood and appreciated by those who at heart wish to do full honor and justice to the veteran soldiers. There were about 2,000,000 individuals in the war, and it is not too much to say that every man who enlisted had but one chance in two of escaping the horrible evils of war. There were 359,000 deaths in all during service, while tens of thousands died of the effects of service immediately after discharge. There were also 250,000 men wounded so severely as to be sent to a general hospital for treatment, and there were 6,000,000 cases of disease treated in the hospitals. If half of the men in the whole army entered the hospital, every one a victim to six diseases during his confinement there, it would not be surprising. The war was a long one, and the Union soldiers were wholly unprepared by nature to endure the exposure to southern climes. Of the victims sent to hospitals about 240,000 died, and it is reasonable to suppose that at least as many more were brought almost to the point of death by disease, and that they left the service marked for life. Of those hit in battle there were more than twice as many recoveries as deaths reported, and no doubt it would be fair to estimate the very dangerously sick who recovered at 400,000 men. There were over 180,000 men reported missing or captured. Of course those known to have died are included in this report. They numbered 30,000 among the prisoners, leaving 150,000 survivors, most of whom brought back from captivity the evil effects of confinement and privation. Taking the four classes of casualties to which every individual was exposed, there were over a million, as follows:

Deaths, all causes	359,000
Wounded, recovered	250,000
Prisoners, survived	150,000
Serious illness (not fatal)	400,000
	1,150,000

Many would be counted twice or even three times in this list, which is official, except that fractions of a thousand are discarded. But after allowing for all of the repetitions the startling fact remains that nearly 1,000,000 out of the 2,000,000 men who were the blue risked all that makes life worth living.

And it is possible to verify on an extensive scale the facts assumed as a basis for this argument. In the 300 Union regiments whose records are given minutely in Colonel Fox's work, "Regimental Losses," the showing of casualties is greater than 1 to 2, taking the deaths, wounds and the dangerous cases recovered on the above plan. Each of these regiments lost 100 men or more by death on the field of battle. For the purposes of this argument they are but typical. While there were many hundreds of regiments in the Union army where the loss of life in killed was less than 100 in each, yet the service performed was one of exposure equal to any and the execution in battle and elsewhere as important.

Table of casualties in 300 regiments, prison and hospital cases, not fatal, excluded:

MAINE.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st cavalry	174	435	344	953
1st heavy artillery	423	880	240	1543
3d infantry	134	355	149	638
4th infantry	179	443	137	759
6th infantry	153	366	102	621
7th infantry	128	427	212	767
8th infantry	134	355	247	736
9th infantry	182	462	239	883
16th infantry	181	578	250	1018
17th infantry	207	552	163	922
19th infantry	102	501	184	877
20th infantry	147	381	146	674
31st infantry	183	445	176	804

The maximum strength of infantry was 1,000 men; of cavalry and heavy artillery 1,800. The long service regiments received additional recruits. The First Maine heavy artillery and the Thirty-first infantry entered the field in 1864 and their losses were incurred within ten months.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
2d infantry	178	480	172	830
3d infantry	198	485	154	837
5th infantry	295	751	178	1224
6th infantry	187	402	231	910
7th infantry	184	484	242	910
9th infantry	155	408	254	817
11th infantry	145	383	152	680
12th infantry	181	478	139	798

New Hampshire sent out the regiment which scored the highest loss in killed, numerically, the Fifth.

VERMONT.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st cavalry	134	335	304	773
1st heavy artillery	164	419	412	995
2d infantry	224	663	175	1062
3d infantry	240	505	165	910
4th infantry	102	304	280	686
5th infantry	213	472	125	810
6th infantry	203	471	215	889
10th infantry	149	353	203	705
17th infantry	147	239	117	503

MASSACHUSETTS.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st heavy artillery	241	483	243	967
1st infantry	142	332	79	553
2d infantry	190	467	98	755
9th infantry	239	505	69	785
10th infantry	154	469	56	679
11th infantry	164	462	97	723
12th infantry	193	474	83	750
15th infantry	241	634	122	1000
16th volunteers	174	385	95	654
19th infantry	161	422	133	716
20th infantry	259	684	149	1092
21st infantry	159	491	91	651
22d infantry	216	543	103	862
25th infantry	161	403	169	733
27th infantry	157	350	204	751
28th infantry	220	603	137	960
32d infantry	144	372	145	661
34th infantry	125	510	134	779
35th infantry	148	391	101	640
37th infantry	169	419	92	680
56th infantry	126	371	109	542
57th infantry	201	518	86	805
58th infantry	139	352	156	647

In the First Massachusetts the ten companies averaged 9 per cent killed in battle; the lowest was 7 per cent, the highest 9 per cent.

RHODE ISLAND.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
2d infantry	130	308	76	504

CONNECTICUT.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
2d heavy artillery	254	628	173	1075
7th infantry	168	430	196	794
10th infantry	122	311	160	593
11th infantry	148	384	177	709
14th infantry	205	525	192	922

NEW YORK.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st dragoons	130	331	131	592
2d cavalry	121	302	236	659
8th cavalry	105	262	205	572
10th cavalry	102	255	149	506
7th heavy artillery	201	515	378	1194
8th heavy artillery	361	649	302	1312
9th heavy artillery	204	620	257	1081
14th heavy artillery	226	635	301	1162
5th infantry	177	442	34	653
40th infantry	228	711	172	1111
42d infantry	152	268	104	524
43d infantry	123	327	121	571
44th infantry	182	461	147	790
48th infantry	236	623	133	992
49th infantry	141	380	179	700
51st infantry	202	366	176	774
53d infantry	153	483	197	833
89th infantry	143	359	127	628
61st infantry	193	432	123	748
63d infantry	156	365	93	614
64th infantry	173	454	119	746
69th infantry	259	535	142	936
70th infantry	190	315	64	569
72d infantry	161	344	89	594
73d infantry	156	371	77	604
74th infantry	130	281	69	480
76th infantry	173	481	157	811
79th infantry	119	297	79	495
80th infantry	128	311	157	596
81st infantry	142	340	97	579
82d infantry	181	384	88	653
83d infantry	156	378	88	622
84th infantry	102	346	69	517
86th infantry	172	449	151	772
88th infantry	151	381	72	604
93d infantry	126	351	133	610
97th infantry	181	523	157	861
100th infantry	124	424	263	811
106th infantry	137	355	170	662
109th infantry	105	449	164	718
111th infantry	220	558	180	958
112th infantry	151	330	103	684
114th infantry	121	362	104	617
115th infantry	155	359	188	852
117th infantry	130	349	136	615
120th infantry	151	436	182	769
121st infantry	226	613	121	960
124th infantry	148	368	93	609
125th infantry	127	337	113	577
126th infantry	153	382	123	658
137th infantry	127	393	167	687
140th infantry	149	384	170	703
142d infantry	129	373	163	665
146th infantry	133	349	181	663
147th infantry	163	418	177	758
149th infantry	133	353	78	564
164th infantry	116	321	129	566
169th infantry	157	461	118	736
170th infantry	129	352	98	579

The Fifth New York (Duryee's Zouaves) lost 119 killed and 137 wounded out of 490 engaged at the second battle of Bull Run. In two of its battles the aggregate was 404 killed and wounded out of 940 present. The Forty-eighth lost 40 per cent and the Sixty-ninth almost 60 per cent in killed and wounded alone.

NEW JERSEY.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st cavalry	128	329	189	646
1st infantry	153	393	91	637
3d infantry	157	380	81	618
4th infantry	161	427	105	693
5th infantry	138	404	85	627
6th infantry	127	306	72	505
7th infantry	137	348	123	608
8th infantry	176	448	110	734
11th infantry	142	460	107	709
12th infantry	177	410	99	686
14th infantry	147	377	110	634
15th infantry	240	616	132	988

Dead cavalrymen were no myth in the Army of the Potomac, despite the sneering pun which delights soldier-haters. The First New Jersey cavalry was engaged on 38 fields, where its members were killed. In the Fifteenth New Jersey infantry 190 men out of the original complement of 947 were killed in battle.

PENNSYLVANIA.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
7th cavalry	102	254	190	546
11th cavalry	119	297	180	596
5th reserves	141	340	68	549
8th reserves	158	332	68	558
9th reserves	137	270	50	457
10th reserves	160	273	47	480
11th reserves	193	485	113	791
13th reserves	162	442	90	694
11th infantry	236	633	181	1050
26th infantry	149	340	73	562
28th infantry	157	394	127	678
45th infantry	227	596	252	1075
46th infantry	179	443	138	760
48th infantry	166	363	145	674
49th infantry	193	543	168	904
50th infantry	164	430	184	778
51st infantry	177	470	137	784
53d infantry	200	587	194	981
55th infantry	208	574	271	1053
57th infantry	161	432	217	810
61st infantry	237	625	101	963
62d infantry	169	464	89	722
63d infantry	186	535	134	855
69th infantry	178	460	110	748
71st infantry	161	404	99	664
72d infantry	193	543	119	855
76th infantry	170	453	194	817
81st infantry	208	563	98	869
83d infantry	282	680	153	1124
84th infantry	125	366	99	590
93d infantry	172	469	102	743
95th infantry	182	485	73	740
98th infantry	132	297	87	516
97th infantry	136	383	186	705
10 th infantry	524	663	185	1372
102d infantry	181	508	82	771
105th infantry	245	538	139	922
111th infantry	145	404	159	708
118th infantry	145	383	89	617
138th infantry	141	391	112	644
119th infantry	141	378	72	591
121st infantry	109	293	66	468
139th infantry	145	386	91	622
140th infantry	198	594	128	920
141st infantry	167	449	79	695
142d infantry	155	411	72	638
143d infantry	151	407	152	710
145th infantry	205	446	217	868
148th infantry	210	559	187	956
149th infantry	164	449	172	785
150th infantry	112	319	95	526
155th infantry	142	377	112	631
188th infantry	124	332	68	524

Among the officers of the Sixty-first Pennsylvania there was an average of one wound or death stroke for every officer in the regiment. Three colonels, 5 captains and 11 lieutenants were killed while leading their men into battle. In the Eighty-third there were 971 killed or wounded out of 1,808 enrolled. The deaths by disease, etc., numbered 153, and there were 397 of the surviving wounded permanently disabled, making, with the killed, an aggregate of 832 or 45 per cent destroyed without counting those disabled by sickness, hardship and prison life.

DELAWARE.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st infantry	158	420	121	699

MARYLAND.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st infantry	118	311	149	578
6th infantry	128	303	108	539

WEST VIRGINIA.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
7th infantry	142	380	158	680

OHIO.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
5th infantry	146	391	57	594
7th infantry	184	498	89	771
8th infantry	132	364	73	569
14th infantry	176	370	186	732
15th infantry	70	484	136	790
21st infantry	77	230	230	1000
23d infantry	97	196	131	624
25th infantry	68	174	122	664
29th infantry	159	296	151	556
30th infantry	128	345	149	622
33d infantry	137	364	195	696
34th infantry	130	351	130	611
36th infantry	140	378	163	681
38th infantry	140	301	229	760
41st infantry	176	491	154	821
46th infantry	154	382	156	692
49th infantry	262	532	161	955
55th infantry	143	404	119	666
65th infantry	122	326	135	583
67th infantry	142	370	151	663
73d infantry	171	570	150	891
82d infantry	138	386	119	643
98th infantry	120	406	127	653
126th infantry	152	360	144	656

In the Seventy-third Ohio there were 681 casualties in battle among 1,267 men. Deaths and disabilities from other causes incident to the service swell the total to about 1,000 men.

KENTUCKY.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
3d infantry	109	340	199	648
5th infantry	157	424	145	726
6th infantry	115	318	101	534
15th infantry	157	359	114	630
17th infantry	135	363	163	661

INDIANA.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
6th infantry	125	336	142	603
9th infantry	131	436	222	789
14th infantry	158	442	72	694
19th infantry	109	513	117	829
20th infantry	201	570	113	884
22d infantry	153	412	190	755
27th infantry	169	447	133	749
30th infantry	137	374	275	786
31st infantry	120	312	258	690
37th infantry	171	442	97	710
38th infantry	156	423	255	834
39th infantry	148	370	253	771
40th infantry	148	403	211	762

The Nineteenth Indiana fought in the Iron Brigade and with its companion regiments lost in killed and wounded alone over 50 per cent of its enrollment.

ILLINOIS.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
8th infantry	106	385	155	706
9th infantry	216	576	201	993
11th infantry	186	357	285	828
12th infantry	148	388	112	648
20th infantry	139	364	102	605
21st infantry	130	244	142	516
23d infantry	145	277	103	527
30th infantry	125	336	220	681
31st infantry	175	455	296	926
34th infantry	140	368	121	629
36th infantry	204	535	128	867
39th infantry	141	381	132	654
40th infantry	125	313	121	559
42d infantry	181	473	206	860
44th infantry	135	351	157	643
48th infantry	123	308	257	688
55th infantry	157	291	129	577
73d infantry	114	308	167	589
82d infantry	102	275	60	437
84th infantry	121	322	145	591
89th infantry	133	334	173	640
93d infantry	151	365	143	659
108th infantry	116	289	78	483

The Fifty-fifth Illinois lost over 40 per cent in killed and wounded alone. It marched 3,340 miles and traveled nearly 9,000 miles by boat and rail.

MICHIGAN.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st cavalry	164	429	250	843
5th cavalry	141	361	225	727
6th cavalry	135	361	251	747
1st sharp shooters	137	374	165	676
1st infantry	187	461	150	798
2d infantry	225	581	147	953
3d infantry	158	383	91	632
4th infantry	189	443	108	740
5th infantry	263	755	191	1209
7th infantry	308	521	189	918
8th infantry	223	560	226	1009
10th infantry	217	623	143	1083
17th infantry	135	367	154	656
20th infantry	124	282	178	584
24th infantry	146	400	130	676
27th infantry	225	589	207	1021

The "dead cavalrymen" of the three gallant Michigan regiments fell on 36 different battlefields. The Twenty-fourth infantry fought in the Iron Brigade, where, as has been stated, the casualties in battle alone averaged more than 50 per cent.

WISCONSIN.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st infantry	157	274	143	574
2d infantry	238	515	77	830
3d infantry	167	812	115	1094
5th infantry	175	554	134	863
6th infantry	244	623	113	980
7th infantry	284	735	143	1159
16th infantry	147	319	252	718
26th infantry	188	315	77	580
36th infantry	157	421	185	763
37th infantry	154	401	91	648

Wisconsin contributed the Sixth regiment to the Iron Brigade. It lost in prisoners 132, making the casualties aside from the disabled excluded in this computation 905, a loss that fell upon 1,203 men enrolled.

MINNESOTA.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st infantry	187	398	99	684

When General Hancock ordered Colonel Colville to lead his 262 Minnesotians on that forlorn charge at Gettysburg, where 215 out of 262 were shot down, he did precisely what the government had the power to do at any time with every man enlisted to fight for its banner. "I would have ordered them in there," said Hancock, "had I known that every man of them would be killed."

IOWA.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
2d infantry	130	345	163	628
3d infantry	127	372	122	621
5th infantry	115	302	153	570
6th infantry	152	420	128	700
7th infantry	141	324	164	629
9th infantry	151	417	232	803
13th infantry	119	324	209	652
15th infantry	130	330	261	721
22d infantry	114	307	136	557
24th infantry	128	346	215	689

MISSOURI.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
11th infantry	104	375	181	660
12th infantry	112	273	96	481
15th infantry	115	291	107	484
20th infantry	118	437	185	450

KANSAS.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st infantry	127	212	125	464

UNITED STATES.

	Killed.	W'd'd.	Died.	Total.
1st sharpshooters	153	390	129	675
2d sharpshooters	125	337	125	587
18th infantry	218	635	232	1106
8th infantry (colored)	119	245	132	496
79th infantry (colored)	188	470	166	824
54th Massachusetts infantry (colored)	109	272	161	542
Totals	49,309	125,924	45,154	220,387

About 500,000 men were borne upon the rolls of these 300 regiments, first and last, but the grand total of 220,287 casualties by wounds and death may be taken to represent the sufferings of 400,000 soldiers actually engaged in arduous and dangerous field service. Adding the number disabled by disease and prison hardships, the entire enrollment would show a list of casualties far exceeding 50 per cent.

The inference may be drawn from these official figures that with a reasonable allowance for other forms of disability incurred in the prosecution of the war there were at least 1,000,000 victims out of about 2,000,000 on the army rolls. There were 200,000 desertions, some few possibly figuring in the classes enumerated above, but as a rule the deserters became such before they had done substantial service, and it would be fair to deduct them from the grand total. (They do not figure on the pension roll nor in the ranks of the Grand Army.) The veterans who brought home these service scars from the field, from swamp and fever pen, are members of the Grand Army, 400,000 of them. Of the hundreds of thousands not now in the order the majority have been and for reasons not discreditable to themselves nor to their comrades as good soldiers have ceased to belong. The order represents the battle scarred, who, with the martyred dead, saved the nation.

G. K. LENNOX.

A. W. STEARNS & Co.

WISH TO INFORM

The People of Andover

That their Fall and Winter stock of Dress Goods have arrived and are now on exhibition. This is a display of the most exclusive and fashionable line of Dress Goods to be found in Essex County.

The Novelties are all new and up to date. We lay special stress on the excellence of our Goods, always keeping the quality up to the highest point, and while maintaining our reputation in this respect we go to the other extreme of keeping prices down to the lowest point. We know nothing builds up business like the selling of first-class goods. We have given more attention to selecting our season's stock this year than for years before, and any person favoring us with a visit can be assured that the most desirable novelties that the market carries will be found here

The season's goods are largely of the "Boucle" effect, thus affording great opportunity for the combinations of colors and the production of pleasing effects in Black, Plain, Mohair and Terges will be very acceptable for street and travel, while the brocaded Wool and Mohair goods are just the thing for an elaborate costume.

Our Black Goods Department is more extensive than any other in the city and we pride ourselves in always displaying here the choicest goods we can find at the very lowest price that they can be sold for. Make a note of these things and visit these departments when next you are in the city.

A. W. STEARNS & CO.,

Essex and Common Streets, - Lawrence, Mass.

ANDOVER DIRECTORY.

BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

Summer Arrangement, June 23.

ANDOVER TO BOSTON. A.M. 6.52 ex.ar. in Boston 7.40; 7.39 ex. ar. 8.20; 7.45 ex. ar. 8.33; 8.09 ex. ar. 9.00; 8.53 ex. ar. 9.13; 9.29 ar. 10.42; 10.28 ex. ar. 11.05; 11.10 acc. ar. 12.06 P. M. 12.18 ex. ar. 12.55; 12.37 acc. ar. 1.38; 1.25 acc. ar. 2.19; 2.45 acc. ar. 3.45; 4.24 acc. ar. 5.24; 5.46 acc. ar. 6.44; 7.15 ex. ar. 8.06; 9.50 acc. ar. 10.44. SUNDAY: 7.42 ar. 8.48; 8.33 ar. 9.27; 12.22 ar. 1.29; P.M. 4.34 ar. 5.29; 5.53 ar 7.00; 6.57 ar. 7.58; 9.06 ar. 9.58. All accommodation.

BOSTON TO ANDOVER. A. M., 5.55 acc. arrive in Andover, 6.56; 7.30 acc. ar. 8.20; 9.25 acc. ar. 10.24; 10.25 acc. ar. 11.32; 11.50 ex. ar. 12.41; 12.25 ex. ar. 1.03; 2.15 ex. ar. 3.05; 3.30 ex. ar. 4.16; 3.40 acc. ar. 4.42; 5.01 ex. ar. 5.44; 5. 32 ex. ar. 6.29; 6.05 ex. ar. 6.54; 6.35 acc. ar. 7.31; 7.02 acc. ar. 7.52; 9.40 ex. ar. 10.36; 11.15 ex. ar. 11.58. SUNDAY: A.M. 8.00 acc. ar. 9.03; 11.45 ar. 12.43. P.M. 5.00 acc. ar. 6.08; 6.00 ex. ar. 6.46; 7.30 acc. ar. 8.26.

ANDOVER TO LOWELL. A. M. 7.45 arrive in Lowell 8.32; 8.33 ar. 9.03; 9.29 ar. 10.36; 10.32 ar. 10.59; 11.10 ar. 11.45. P. M. 12.37 ar. 1.07; 2.45 ar. 3.18; 4.24 ar. 4.55; 5.46 ar. 6.16; 7.15 ar. 7.45; 9.50 ar. 10.40. SUNDAY A.M. 7.42 ar. 8.11; 8.33 ar. 9.18. P. M. 12.22 ar. 12.57; 4.34 ar. 5.04; 5.58 ar. 6.26; 9.06 ar. 9.35.

LOWELL TO ANDOVER. A. M. 8.30 ar. 8.57; 9.25 ar. 10.24; 10.50 ar. 11.32. P. M. 12.05 ar. 12.41; 2.30 ar. 3.05; 3.40 ar. 4.16; 4.10 ar. 4.42; 5.10 ar. 5.44; 6.20 ar. 6.54; 7.00 ar. 7.31; 9.30 ar. 10.36; 11.25 ar. 11.58. SUNDAY: 8.20 ar. 9.03. P. M. 12.05 ar. 12.43; 5.35 ar. 6.08; 7.50 ar. 8.26.

‖ Wednesday and Saturday.

ANDOVER TO LAWRENCE. A.M. 6.56, 8.20, 8.57, 10.24, 11.32. P.M. 12.41, 1.03, 3.05, 4.16, 4.42, 5.44, 6.29, 6.54, 7.31, 7.52, 10.36, 11.58. SUNDAY. A.M. 9.03. P. M. 12.43, 6.08, 6.46, 8.26.

LAWRENCE TO ANDOVER. A.M. 6.40, 7.25, 7.33 7.57, 8.15, 9.00, 10.10, 10.55. P. M. 12.00, 1.14, 2.30, 4.00, 5.35, 7.08*, 9.40‖

SUNDAY: 7.30, 8.15 P. M. 12.10, 4.27*, 5.35, 6.46 8.59*.

*From South side.

ANDOVER TO SALEM, MASS. A.M. 6.56Y, ar. 8.48; 7.45X ar 8.49, 8.20Y ar. 9.58; P.M. 12.41Y ar. 2.00; 1.25X ar. 2.30; 5.44Y ar. 7.00, 5.46X ar. 7.00.

SALEM TO ANDOVER, MASS. A.M. 7.00 ar. 8.33; 7.15 ar. 8.57, 11.30 ar. 12.37. P. M. 4.15 ar. 5.44; 4.47 ar. 5.46; 6.00 ar. 7.15.

GOING EAST. A.M. 6.56 S Z N, 8.20, 8.57, 10.24 H Z. P. M. 12.41 N, 1.03, 3.05 N H. 4.16 N B, 4.42 N, 5.44 B, 6.29, 6.54 H N 7.52 H. WEEK-DAY time.

GOING NORTH, VIA MANCHESTER. A. M. 8.20. P. M. 1.03, 3.05, 5.44.

H. to Haverhill only. N. connects to Newburyport. Z connects to Georgetown.

Y change at North Andover.

S Salem.

B No. Berwick.

D. J. FLANDERS, G. P. & T. A.

POST-OFFICE, - ANDOVER, MASS.

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Money Order Hours. 8 a.m to 6 p.m.
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MAILS READY FOR DELIVERY.

8 a.m. from Boston, New York, South, West, and Lawrence.
9 a.m. from Boston, New York, South and West.
1.00 p. m., Lawrence, North and East.
2.00 p.m. from Boston, New York, South and West.
4.45 p.m. from Boston, New York, South, West.
5.15 p.m., from Boston, New York, South, West.
6.15 p.m. from Lawrence and North.
7.15 p.m. from Boston, New York, South and West.
7.30 p.m. from East.

MAILS CLOSE.

7 a.m. for Boston, New York, South and West.
8 a.m. for Lawrence, North and East.
10 a.m. for Boston, New York, South and West.
11.50 a. m. for Boston, New York, South, West East and Lawrence.
3.40 p.m. for Lawrence, North and East.
6.30 p.m. for Lawrence.
8.30 p. m. for Boston, New York, South and West.

T. A. Holt & Co.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

North Andover

INCORPORATED 1828. ANDOVER, MASS

MERRIMACK
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

THIS COMPANY

Continues to insure Dwellings, Barns, and their Contents, and Store Buildings, at Fair Rates, and is paying Dividends as follows:

70 Per cent. on 5-Year Policies.
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ROSES, PINKS AND OUT FLOWERS.

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DEALER IN

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers,

REPAIRING NEATLY AND PROMPTLY DONE.

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ANDOVER, MASS.

BENJAMIN BROWN.

Dealer in

Boots, Shoes,

AND RUBBERS.

Headquarters for Tennis and Ball Shoes. Ladies' Oxfords at low prices.

Swift's Building, Main Street,

ANDOVER, MASS.

AN ENTERPRISING FIRM.

J. M. Linscott & Co., 274 Essex Street, Are Offering Special Trades in Second Hand Wheels.

Spring will soon be here and with it opens the bicycle season. This year a greater number of people will ride bicycles for business and pleasure. Prices are so reasonable and terms of purchasing so easy that every person who wants to buy may do so without the slightest inconvenience. About one hundred excellent second-hand wheels are offered. Prices vary from $10 to $60 each. An excellent and easy plan for prospective purchasers of wheels for this season would be to call and select the bicycle you want, deposit a small cash payment and afterwards give small weekly payments until the season opens when you will very nearly have paid for your bicycle. This firm is also New England agents for Falcon Bicycles, destined to be the favorite wheels the coming season. Call and inspect our stock. A. C. Edmester, manager, 274 Essex Street.

A Pleasant Day

Will bring a demand for a Spring Hat, Fancy Shirt, and an Attractive Necktie. Come in and see if you ever saw a more desirable assortment of all the latest styles, and see if the price is not right.

BRADLEY,

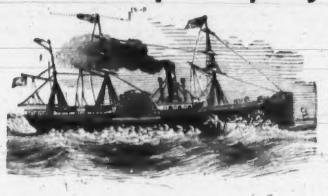
Tailor Furnisher

Before buying Tickets for the Old Country or send ing money home call at

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RATES OF PASSAGE.

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AUCTIONEER, ANDOVER, MASS.

GEORGE PIDDINGTON,

FLORIST!

Invites the Public to an inspection of his Greenhouses any afternoon except Sunday.

73 SCHOOL STREET.

Depot Carriage.

Having obtained an outfit, I will continue the depot carriage service, which I conducted until recently for B. B. Tuttle.

JOHN ADAMS.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

SHIRT · WAISTS!

Prices Marked Way Down to Close Out.

$1.75 Waist for $1.25
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All Sizes and Colors.

THE MISSES BRADLEY,
MAIN ST., ANDOVER.



Waterproof collars and cuffs that will not wilt, are not effected by moisture and look just like linen are all the fashion now. They are made by covering a linen collar or cuff with "celluloid" and are the *only* waterproof goods made with an interlining, consequently the only ones that will stand wear and give perfect satisfaction. Try them and you will never regret it. Always neat, and easily cleaned. When soiled simply wipe off with a wet cloth or sponge. Every piece of the genuine is stamped as follows:

TRADE CELLULOID MARK.

Ask for those so marked and refuse any imitations, as they cannot possibly please you. If your dealer does not keep them, we will send a sample direct on receipt of price. Collars 25 c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair. State size and whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted.

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To Take Your Doctor's Advice



Is a good rule to follow. His advice howeve and the prescriptions he gives are worthless unless pure drugs are taken. There is no doubt about the quality of ours or the care with which they are compounded. We make no mistakes.

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POST OFFICE BLOCK.
Night Bell. Prescriptions filled day or night.

Agency Huylers Chocolates & Bonbons
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Save time. You don't want to lose any of the present long days. One of our $1.00 'wakers up' will do the business. It don't ring like a fire alarm or riot, but settles down to business in an earnest, determined manner that makes the sleepy man ashamed of himself.

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Jeweller and Optician,
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Samuel Thomes

Will continue to do all kinds of jobbing and repairing at the Mason place on the Hill. Carpenter work of all kinds.

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ALL THE LATEST SHAPES.

J. WM. DEAN,

MAIN STREET, . ANDOVER, MASS.

THE ANDOVER TOWNSMAN,
ANDOVER, MASS.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY
THE ANDOVER PRESS, Limited.

Subscription price, $2.00 per year, in advance. Single copies 5 cents.

☞All communications for the paper, to receive prompt attention, should be addressed to THE ANDOVER TOWNSMAN.

☞All business matters should be addressed to THE ANDOVER PRESS.

THE ANDOVER TOWNSMAN being the only newspaper published in Andover, offers an especially valuable field for advertisers.

Advertising rates sent on application.

A thoroughly fitted STEAM JOB PRINTING OFFICE is connected with the TOWNSMAN, and all orders in this department will receive prompt and careful attention.

The Offices of the TOWNSMAN are in Draper's Block,

36 & 38 MAIN STREET.

Entered as 2d-Class Matter at the Andover Post-Office.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1895.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

In order that hereafter there may be no disappointment among our advertisers who may wish to change their advts., we will comply strictly with the following rule:

New advertisements received until 9 A. M. Friday. Changes for advts. not received later than 1 P. M. Thursday.

We shall always endeavor to accommodate advertisers by every concession that will be consistent with the prompt publication of the paper.

Attend Your Caucus.

In a strong appeal to its members the Republican Club of Massachusetts urges the importance of the forthcoming caucuses. It says:

"The caucuses to elect delegates to the various conventions are soon to take place, and, as the Democratic leaders generously admit that they have no chance to elect their candidate this year, the real election will take place in the Republican caucuses.

It, therefore, more than ever, becomes the duty of every citizen who desires good government, to see that only worthy men are nominated, and a wise choice of delegates at the caucuses will determine this.

Let the high standard of the party be maintained, that it may be preserved in its integrity and strength for the future welfare of the State and Nation. The Executive Committee urge that you attend your caucuses, for if you let it go by default the best men may not be chosen."

While there may possibly be too much assurance in these words, there is yet much good advice which if followed cannot help making our officials better, and our government purer. As has been emphasized by so many papers, in years of assured victory the woods are full of candidates, and too often the unfit candidate gains the office. It may be by political trickery that he thus succeeds, but more frequently it is because of the apathy of the better part of the party who are content to feel that "it is a sure thing anyway." The application of this to our town cannot be made too forcibly. Many years there have been less than a dozen in attendance at these caucuses, and the same crank has turned out the same material for conventions year after year. True it has been good material for the most part, but it should have had the refining influence of the whole party to be the *best* material. Let this year be an exception to this rule. Let us have caucuses attended by our best men all earnest in their effort to send men to our conventions who shall help to nominate the best candidates. Men may differ in their choice of candidates, but with honorable men to do the choosing the sifting out will be sure to drop the chaff and save the wheat.

The Senatorship.

The Ballardvale contingent of Andover is never left. We believe if Andover proper was the home of Speaker Reed or President Cleveland and should urge either for the presidency, Ballardvale would dispute the honor in behalf of some of her statesmen. Our Ballardvale column contains this week another urgent claim for the office of Senator for Charles Greene. Mr. Greene is an excellent gentleman of whom nothing can be said that is discreditable. But we must be equally frank and say, that strong as is the argument of long office holding to some minds, as a fitting for higher office, we fail to see anything in Mr. Greene's service that fits him especially for the office of Senator. We do not for a moment question his right to seek the office, for that is a perfectly laudable ambition in any man, but in the present mixed up condition of Senatorial political affairs it would seem as if Andover ought to unite her forces for her ablest representative if she would expect recognition at the convention.

There is not a quality possessed by any of the candidates for Senator that is not matched in the first proposed candidate on Andover's part, George H. Poor. Added to these is a ripe experience in public affairs, and an acknowledged ability as a speaker. Andover may fail in bringing the Senatorship within her borders this year, but she will fair for years to come if she allows contending factions to split her delegation among several candidates.

Editorial Cinders.

We don't believe the large number of young and new citizens who have come into Andover the past few weeks want to see our streets cluttered and our by-laws evaded. We prefer to think that their disregard is due in the first case to thoughtlessness when they throw their paper wrappers and envelopes into the street, and in the latter case to ignorance of the law against riding bicycles on the sidewalk. Assuming this, let these few words be a warning to them, for there is a law against both offences, and a too long continued thoughtlessness and ignorance may cost some boy a good-sized fine. Save your waste paper for the waste basket and ride your bicycle in the road.

Henry H. Faxon pays taxes on over a half million dollars' worth of property in Quincy. Can this be matched in Andover? There is a steady increase in building in Quincy year after year, is there in Andover? Home investment prevails in Quincy, does it in Andover? The answer is one and the same to all these questions and the result is steady growth in one place, and a bare holding its own in the other. Will our investors kindly weigh the following facts: There is not a desirable house for rent in Andover; there is not a piece of property in Andover that is an investment that does not pay good interest, and appreciate in value every year; there are to-day at least a dozen waiters for a residence in Andover at moderate rent. "Nuff sed!"

Come, police, there is a law against playing foot-ball in the streets. Let it be enforced.

You have an engagement at the town Hall next week; Wednesday, at 7.45 o'clock if a republican, Friday, at the same hour, if a democrat. Don't forget it.

The representative contest which is again this year confined to North Andover, seems to be between last year's successful candidate, Mr. Osgood, and William Halliday, Jr. Andover is pretty sure to play her regular and proper part when this honor goes to North Andover, and abide by the choice of our sister town.

Americans as They are—not as They are said to be.

The Y. P. S. C. E. convention was so suggestive that editors will write about it in weeks to come. As sensible a post-convention comment as we have noted is that of the Boston *Transcript*:

To those who know little of this great country of ours, except through the burlesques of literature and the more unjust burlesques of the exceptionally rich, who come to the East and visit Europe, aping the dress and manners of which we are so weary, the revelation of what the great mass of the plain and genuine American people really are, by these splendid types, is an education in good citizenship.

Compare these crowds with those which gather on public occasions in any foreign city, and we learn at a glance what the hope and future of our country is. The drinking and disorder, the leering and coquetry between the sexes, the vulgarity and rudeness of an ordinary holiday gathering gave some of us at first an unconscious shrinking from what was coming, in spite of the more or less perfunctory welcome of the press. What have we seen? Clear eyed, ingenuous youth, vestal virgins, sober, deferential men and women, vigorous young citizens, broad-browed and earnest, raising our tone of morals and manners by their presence and their contact.

Our countrymen from afar have inspired us with new respect for old Boston's local traditions and monuments, for ourselves as the guardians of them, for their inspiring motive, of course, but, above all, for America and Americans.—*Congregationalist*

A Chance to Learn Shorthand Free

Hickox's Shorthand School, Copley Square, Boston, offers an opportunity of getting a stenographic education without the payment of money for it. Since this school ranks the highest of its class in the country, a scholarship in it is something worth striving for, and our ambitious young men and women should lose no time in writing for full particulars.

One advantage of taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla to purify the blood is that you need not infringe upon your hours of labor nor deny yourself any food that agrees with you. In a word, you are not compelled to starve or loaf, while taking it. These are recommendations worth considering.

Hood's Pills cure indigestion.

Andover Started Manufacturing.

Editor Andover Townsman:

One of the speakers at the banquet last Monday evening, in the Lawrence City Hall, Mr. W. E. Parker, agent of the Pacific Mills, is quoted in the *Boston Herald* as stating "that the first attempt at the manufacture of worsted was made in 1843 in Lawrence. The first mill to produce fine flannels was here also."

The above is so great a perversion of history and attempt to detract from the fair fame of Andover that it seems desirable a statement of the facts should be made.

The credit of the introduction of the manufacture of fine flannels in this country belongs to the Ballardvale Mills, established in 1836, and was the first mill in which fine yarns were made by double spinning. The first attempt at the manufacture of worsteds was made in the mill at Ballardvale, about 1844 by John Marland, agent of the Ballardvale Co. This company imported worsted machinery from England and made delaines for printing and dyeing. The wooden mill at Ballardvale was afterwards leased to Mr. J. S. Young, who several years later became the first treasurer of the Pacific Mills, and they continued the work began at Ballardvale.

Possibly the speaker labored under the impression that Andover was created from a part of Lawrence.

HOWELL F. WILSON,

Ballardvale, Sept. 18, 1895.

In justice to Mr. Parker we wish to charge the reporters with this misstatement, for the writer can witness that Mr. Parker very clearly gave credit for the first mills to the very same parties as stated by our correspondent. [ED.]

Autumnal Sunday School Convention.

The Autumnal Sunday School Convention to be held in the Lawrence Street Church, Lawrence, next Wednesday afternoon and evening, Sept. 25, under the auspices of the Lawrence District Sunday School Association, promises to be the finest event of the kind that ever came into New England outside of a State convention.

The general program is substantially as that previously published.

Five hundred children will form in line on Lawrence common and march to the church led by the president of the Lawrence District Sunday School Association, Rev. C. M. Dockrill of Lawrence, and the president of the Lawrence Primary Union, Mrs. J. E. Johnson, Andover. State Secretaries Mr. Dummer and Miss Vella will conduct open conferences for Sunday School superintendents and primary workers.

A trained chorus under the direction of Edward Butterworth of forty picked voices from the churches of North Andover will lead the singing.

A banquet for three hundred people will be presided over by Rev. Robert G. Seymour, D. D., Lowell, President of the Massachusetts Sunday School Association. Invited guests are: W. N. Hartshorn, Chairman State Executive Committee, Boston; Rev. G. H. Clarke, Malden, President New England Conference Sunday School Association; M. P. Sargent, Haverhill, President Haverhill District Sunday School Association.

Grand Army Parade.

The annual gathering of the Essex County Grand Army Association, which includes the 24 G. A. R. Posts of this county, will take place at Lynn, Sept. 25, and not be in the nature of a parade, but a grand reunion.

The parade is to be a very short one, being practically on the march from Lynn station to Lynn beach. Here a large tent is to be erected by Post 5, in which the dinner will be served and the reunion held.

There will be music, speaking by prominent and interesting speakers, and other entertainment provided.

The chief marshal is W. M. Wires of Post 5, and the assistant adjutant general is Capt. H. M. Comey of Post 118 of Swampscott.

The enthusiasm over this gathering is so great that it is confidently expected that every post in the county will be present, and the day a red letter one in the history of the association. Post 5 guarantees a thoroughly good time to all comrades attending, and will not spare expense on its own account to make the affair a great success. They furnish the tents, tables, chairs and other necessary conveniences, and will also contribute towards the dinner in addition to what is paid by the comrades.

FRYE VILLAGE.

Rev. William G. Poor of Keene, N. H. was in town this week. On Wednesday he presented a paper on "The Decadence of the Sunday School" before the New Hampshire State Association at Nashua, N. H.

A set of platform scales have been placed in position at the fork of roads about opposite W. S. Donald's residence. The scales are for the purpose of weighing the broken stone to be used on the state highway.

The steamship "Gallia" on which Mr. and Mrs. David Middleton were passengers from Scotland arrived in Boston Sunday after a very rough voyage.

"My grandfather, David M. Day, of Rockport has been greatly helped by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It builds up his strength so that he is able to work through the season." Abbie L. Day, Rockport, Mass.

The Cattle Show and Fair at Peabody.

The Essex Agricultural Society held its first fair in its new and permanent home in Peabody on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, and it would seem that the Trustees made a good selection. The show was not so large as in former years, but was of a good quality. Andover has a small representation in the show and quite a number have attended. The rain Wednesday interferred somewhat with the attendance, but yesterday was fine and there was a big crowd.

At the annual meeting Wednesday, Francis H. Appleton was elected president, James J. H. Gregory, Oliver S. Butler, Horatio G. Herrick and Asa T. Newhall, vice-presidents, and J. M. Danforth, secretary.

The Trustees were requested to devise methods to interest farmers in the annual exhibitions of the Society, either by employing an agent to solicit displays throughout the county, or by grouping towns together. The Trustees were also requested to take action which would compel members in every town to elect Trustees annually, and to report at the next meeting.

The Secretary reported that the expenditures thus far on the permanent location, including buildings, amounted to $7200 and $7300.

The receipts from admissions were over $2,000, which is $500 more than at any previous exhibition. This amount will pay all expenses and premiums and leave a balance in the treasury.

Foot-Ball at Phillips.

The season at Phillips Academy opens to-morrow afternoon, when the Boston Latin School eleven will oppose Andover on the campus at 3.30.

The foot-ball outlook at Phillips at the present writing is not what might be called bright, at least not for a team of the calibre of those of the past few years. There are over thirty candidates, enough it would seem to furnish eleven good players, but there is a great lack of heavy men, who can take the place of the giant guard, Holt, and that great centre rush, Pierson.

Captain Young has a task before him to bring out a team which can hold up Andover's reputation, but the candidates are most of them a lively appearing lot, full of sand and earnestness, and it is possible that what is lost in weight may to a great extent be made up in that quick, snappy game, which light elevens often work with success against much heavier teams.

Of last year's team besides Captain Young, Chadwell end, Porter tackle, and Durston substitute, are in school. These will all likely make the team, if they wish. Young will probably change from end to quarter-back, where he can better run his team. He is very light, but a plucky little player. Of the new candidates, it is almost impossible as yet to form any idea as to who will make the team.

With Hinkey's coaching and also that of several other well known foot-ballists who are expected here at different times during the season, it is hoped to turn out an eleven which will not be a discredit to the school, even though it may not be able to win as many games as former teams, which have been much heavier.

The new candidates are: Center, Miller, Gordon, DeWitt; guards, Funk, Swift, Johnson; tackles, Allen, Wicks, Mitchell; ends, Sands, Gray, Gilpatrick, Smith, Cady, Green, Newcombe, Birch; quarter, Mead, Quimby, Sullivan, Ring; halfs, Senn, Phillips, Crouse, Holman, Woodworth, Carter, Norris; full, Barker, Schweppe, Ferris, Mull, F. Lindenberg.

Ex-Captain Frank Hinkey of the Yale team arrived here Wednesday and will spend a week coaching the Phillips candidates. This leading end rush of the country has not changed much since the days when he made startling plays on the Andover campus. His help as a coacher will be almost invaluable to Andover.

Weather Record.

Temperature taken in the morning between 5 and 7 o'clock, and at noon between 12 and 1 o'clock.

1894	MORN.	NOON.	1895	MORN.	NOON.
Sept	13 °40	°73	" 13	°58	°08
"	14 51	70	" 14	42	62
"	15 62	78	" 15	35	62
"	16 60	66	" 16	38	66
"	17 62	68	" 17	54	79
"	18 60	72	" 18	44	60
"	19 62	68	" 19	52	74

Births.

In Andover, Sept. 14, a daughter to Mr. and M. Austin Poland.

In Andover, Sept. 14, a son to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Reid.

Advertised Letters.

Unclaimed Letters, Sept. 16, 1895.

Baquin, Louis	O'Connor, Mrs.
Deane, Miss O. M.	Pearson, Mrs. H. L.
Finegan, Julia	Washburn, Mrs. R. W.
Lewis, G. A.	Wright, Emma L.
Long, Mrs. C. M.	Wilcox, Charlie R.
Mathews, Wm. H.	White, A. K.

WM. G. GOLDSMITH, P. M.

A medical correspondent to *The Healthy Home* gives this advice to all riders of the "wheel:" "Sit up straight. The nose-grinding, monkey-on-a-stick position is all right for racing, and for racing only. Don't pretend to be a racer. You simply get yourself laughed at."—

FIFTY YEARS.

Lawrence Celebrates her Semi-Centennial in a Grand and Successful Manner.

The semi-centennial anniversary of the birthday of the city of Lawrence was most successfully observed on Monday and Tuesday and the famous manufacturing city has indeed reason to feel proud. The weather always plays a prominent part in these kind of celebrations and the weather clerk did right well for Lawrence. It was a little dubious the first day, but no rain fell and the second day was excellent.

Never before has Lawrence presented such an attractive appearance. Gay decorations, national colors, etc., were everywhere.

Andover, one of the foster mothers of the rapidly growing city, had a deep interest in the celebration and large numbers attended the different exercises on both days.

The city was thronged with visitors and never have the street railway, hotels and other places had such a crowd to care for.

The programme was carried out as printed in last weeks TOWNSMAN, and we shall not attempt to give any detailed account of the different exercises. That has already been done thoroughly in all daily papers. On Monday there were successful sports for those inclined in that direction, the literary exercises in the Opera House and the banquet in the evening. The Opera House was packed when Gov. Greenhalge arrived and he was accorded a grand reception. James B. Smith of this town occupied a seat on the platform. The exercises here were intensely interesting. The Governor acquitted himself as usual in excellent style, Mayor Rutter did well and James H. Eaton, the orator, and Miss Emily G. Wetherbee, the poetess, fairly outdid themselves and received great praise.

In the cricket game in the afternoon in which the Lawrences defeated the Merrimacks, Bruce, Saunders, and Pearson of the Andover team, took a conspicious part for the winners. Pearson made the highest score, 28 not out.

The banquet in the evening at the City Hall was a grand and very pleasant affair. Five hundred covers were laid by Caterer Tanner and seated about the tables were leading professional and business men. Judge Poor of this town occupied a seat at the head table, while there were also present from here, Geo. S. Cole, J. M. Bradley, John N. Cole Selectman S. H. Boutwell, W. H. Jowett, and Barnett Rogers. Hon. Daniel Saunders presided and Charles A. DeCourcy, Esq., made an excellent toastmaster.

Judge Poor was unexpectedly called upon to respond for Andover, the toast being "Our Mother Town," and he performed his duty most creditably. Among the speakers were Col. Sweeney, Congressman Knox, Bishop Lawrence, Mayor Rutter, Hons. Harrison Hulme, Samuel J. Elder and others.

Tuesday arrived, bright and clear, and was grand for the events scheduled for that day. The crowd was by far larger than on Monday, thousands of visitors pouring in from all points. Cars from Andover ran every 10 or 15 minutes, and they never went empty and returning the jam was fearful.

The morning was given up entirely to sports, the most attractive of which was the regatta of the New England Amateur Association on the Merrimac River. The banks were crowded with people and the Lawrence crowd was very enthusiastic when their pet oarsmen Caffrey easily walked away with the senior single scull race. There was also double, four and eight oared and canoe racing. It was a pretty sight.

The grand event of the day, however, was the parade, which occurred in the afternoon and was the largest ever witnessed in Lawrence. There were about 8000 in line and over one hour and twenty minutes were required to pass a given point. It was a fine spectacle and the immense crowd, which watched it all along the route, was very enthusiastic.

The parade did not start until 3 o'clock owing to the late arrival of the Ninth regiment. A. B. Bruce, who is well-known here, was chief marshal. Besides the Ninth regiment and Veteran Fulsiliers of Boston, Battery C and second regiment Patriarchs' Militant, the procession included local organizations, fire department, tradesmens' floats, etc. The marching of the German athletes and girls was a feature. The Andover Brass Band marched at the head of Division 5, and received many compliments for its find playing. Selectman Stark rode in one of the carriages containing the city government and guests.

The Walter L. Raymond Camp Sons of Veterans marched in connection with the Lawrence Sons.

The celebration wound up with a fireworks display and a grand ball in City Hall, Tuesday evening, which was attended by several Andover young people.

The Ninth regiment had their field day on the day of the parade. They left Boston shortly after 9 o'clock and got off near the White Pups bridge and after marching through woods, swamps and over fences, fought a sham battle.

The Smith & Dove, Marland Mills and Tyer Rubber Factory were closed to allow the employees the opportunity to witness the celebration.

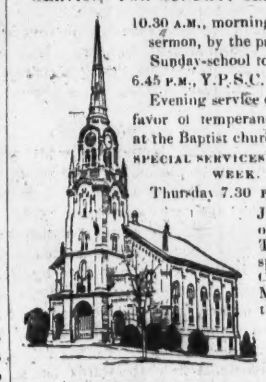
I was suffering from an attack of the dysentary, when I got hold of a small bottle of Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It gave me immediate relief. I knew it would for I had used it before. J. F. M. FIELDS, Greenood, Ga.

ANDOVER CHURCHES.

Their Next Week's Services and Past Week's Doings.

South Congregational Church, Central St., Organized 1711. Rev. Frank R. Shipman, Pastor.

SERVICES FOR SUNDAY, SEPT. 22.



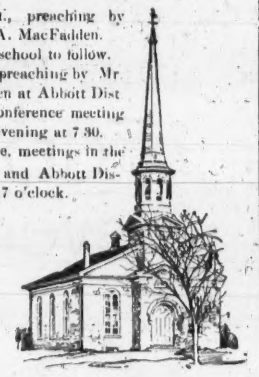
10.30 A.M., morning worship, sermon, by the pastor.
Sunday-school to follow.
6.45 P.M., Y.P.S.C.E. meeting
Evening service omitted in favor of temperance meeting at the Baptist church

SPECIAL SERVICES FOR NEXT WEEK.

Thursday 7.30 P.M., Rev. J K Browne of Eastern Turkey will speak on Christian Missions there.

West Church, Congregational, West Parish. Organized 1826. Acting Pastor, Robert A. MacFadden.

SERVICES FOR SUNDAY, SEPT. 22.



10.30 A.M., preaching by Robert A. MacFadden.
Sunday-school to follow.
7 00 P.M., preaching by Mr MacFadden at Abbott Dist
Regular conference meeting Thurs. evening at 7 30.
Sunday eve, meetings in the Osgood and Abbott Districts at 7 o'clock.



Christ Church, Episcopal, Central Street, Organized 1835. Rev. Frederic Palmer, Rector.

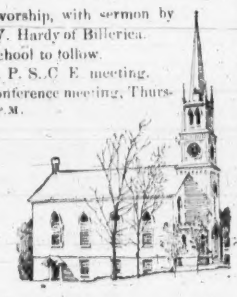
SERVICES FOR SUNDAY, SEPT. 22.

10.30 A.M., Morning prayer, with sermon by the Rector.

5.00 P.M., evening prayer.

Free Church, Congregational, Railroad St., Organized 1846. Rev. Frederic A. Wilson, Pastor.

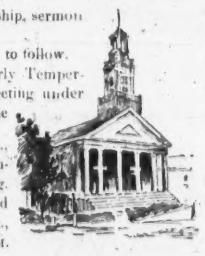
SERVICES FOR SUNDAY, SEPT 22.



10.30 A.M., worship, with sermon by Rev. D. W. Hardy of Billerica.
Sunday School to follow.
6.15 P.M., Y. P. S. C E meeting.
Prayer and conference meeting, Thursday, 7.45 P.M.

Baptist Church, cor. of Essex and Central Sts., Organized 1858. Rev. F. W. Klein Pastor.

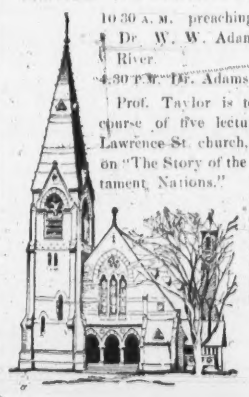
SERVICES FOR SUNDAY, SEPT. 22.



10.30 A.M., worship, sermon by the pastor.
Sunday School to follow.
7.30 P.M., Quarterly Temperance Union meeting under auspices of the W. C. T. U.
7.30 P.M., Thurs., Prayer and conference meeting.
Mission Band meeting, Sat., Sept. 21, 3 P.M.

Chapel Church, "On the Hill," Organized 1865. Connected with Andover Theological Seminary. The Seminary Professors, Pastors.

SERVICES FOR SUNDAY, SEPT. 22.



10.30 A.M. preaching by Rev. Dr. W. W. Adams of Fall River.
4.30 P.M. Dr. Adams.

Prof. Taylor is to give a course of five lectures at the Lawrence St. church, Lawrence, on "The Story of the Old Testament Nations." They will be given on successive Tuesday evenings, beginning next week.

St. Augustine's Church, Roman Catholic, Essex Street, Organized 1852. Rev. Fr Field, O. S. A., Pastor. Services held at present in Town Hall.

SERVICES FOR SEPTEMBER 22.

Mass and instruction at 8.30 A.M. Sunday-school at 9.30 A.M. High Mass and Sermon at 10.30 A.M. Vespers, Instruction and Benediction at 3 P.M.

BALLARD VALE.

Daniel H. Poor is now the regular correspondent for this column.

Mrs. N. E. Mears has been quite ill at her home an Central Street.

Frank Parkhurst has been having his vacation during the past week.

Mrs. J. C. C. Evans has returned to her home after an absence of several weeks.

Chester E. Matthews has so far recovered from his recent severe illness as to walk about town.

William Greene found some blossoms in his strawberry bed this week. He expects a large crop of late strawberries.

The Ballardvale Lodge of Good Templars decided to have a spelling match at their meeting next Monday evening. All good Templars are cordially invited to be present

One of the oldest residents of Ballardvale, Mrs. Mary Haley, died at her home on River Street Wednesday forenoon after a protracted illness. Deceased was 82 years old. Funeral took place Friday at 2 P M.

Rev. W. C. Dettling of Ohio delivered an interesting sermon at the Congregational Church last Sunday morning. Mr. Dettling was a room-mate and a classmate of the Rev. J. C. C. Evans at Boston University.

Peter O'Neill attempted to board the theater train from Boston last Friday evening while it was in motion. He was thrown under the wheels and his right leg was badly crushed. He was taken to the Massachusetts General Hospital where his leg was amputated below the knee. Friends report that he is as comfortable as could be expected under the circumstances.

Mr. Sherman Goodwin left town last Friday noon for Bangor, Me., where he will take a full course at the Theological Seminary. Mr. Goodwin has always been a very active member of the Congregational Church, and will doubtless carry the same zeal and enthusiasm into his new labors. He leaves Ballardvale with bright prospects before him in his chosen profession. The best wishes of a multitude of friends accompany him.

The Ballardvale Lodge of Good Templars was given a very agreeable surprise when Rev. T. A. Hodgdon and wife of Feeding Hills entered the Lodge room just before the meeting commenced last Monday evening. They received a very cordial welcome from the members present. Mr. Hodgdon, in a few brief remarks in his usual characteristic manner, strove to encourage the Lodge to renewed activity along the lines of temperance.

Chas. Greene's Senatorial Candidacy.

Editor of the Townsman:

Charles Greene will be a candidate for senatorial honors this fall. His friends in placing him before the people feel that by virtue of a long and honorable public service he not only merits it, but to him justly belongs this honor. Mr. Greene has in the past served Andover in several capacities, having been for eleven consecutive years a member of the Board of Selectmen, and during the years of 1889 and 1893 as a member of the Legislature of Massachusetts. He also is one of our most prominent G. A. R. men. Politically, Mr. Greene has shown a strength far exceeding that of any other successful candidate for the past eight years, as will be seen by referring to "The Representative Vote" in the TOWNSMAN of Nov. 9, 1894. These facts have led many of our citizens to join in requesting Mr. Greene to allow himself to be named as a candidate, with the belief that not only would he prove the strongest candidate, but that he would serve this senatorial district as he has in the past served Andover, a most worthy and creditable representative. A REPUBLICAN.

Cricket.

The cricket news of the *Boston Globe* contained the following items in regard to Andover players:

D. Bruce and A. B. Saunders of Andover played with Lawrence against the B. A. A. on Saturday, considerably strengthening that eleven. Bruce keeps up his form as wicket-keeper.

A. B. Saunders of Andover is one of the best cricketers in the state and deserves a place on the state team. He is a good bowler, a free bat and a splendid fielder. His catch at Longwood on Saturday would have delighted a base-ball crowd. He ran a long distance and got the ball with one hand.

The game which was to have been played last Saturday between Andover and Merrimacks of Lawrence was cancelled by the latter Friday evening on account of some petty grievance.

Never judge people by their clothes. The man with fringe around his trousers, run-down-at-the-heel shoes and battered hat may be the editor of your country newspaper, while the man with rich new clothes and bright yellow shoes may be one of the delinquent subscribers.—*Sedgwick City (Kan.) Pantagraph.*

Before going on a sea-voyage or into the country, be sure and put a box of Ayer's Pills into your valise. You may have the occasion to thank us for this hint. To relieve constipation, biliousness, and nausea, Ayer's Pills are the best in the world. They are also easy to take.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

Are you using WORLD SOAP ?

Food Makes the Man.

Food is force. As a rule, few people know how to eat. They fail to realize that the quality of all mental action is determined by the quality of food. Lack of energy and buoyancy of spirit is often as fatal to good work as is illness itself, and there is no question but that hygienic cooking produces directly the one or the other. There is such a thing as "a cooking menu"—the scientific solving of the problem. The universal temperance reform will begin when good cooking becomes the rule rather than the exception in every household. The extra elaboration of pastry should give way to excellence in the preparation of simple foods, of steak perfectly broiled, good bread, a realization of the value of fruit, and a tea and coffee made in a way that retains their flavor and stimulus. With hygienic food, reasonably early hours of sleep and an intimate acquaintance with fresh air, a clearness and vigor of mind can be constantly held that will act on affairs with successful energy.—Journal of Household Economics.

Curious Customs In Japland.

Japanese folks have six or eight pockets cunningly inserted in the cuffs of their wide sleeves. These pockets are always filled with a curious miscellany peculiar to the droll little people. As common as twine in Young America's pocket is the prayer amulet written on delicate sheets of rice paper and composed by the bonzes. In accordance with the abiding and funny faith of the Japanese women these prayers are swallowed, paper and all, like a pill, in all cases of mental and physical distress. Another essential never missing is a number of small squares of silky paper, which are put to the most unexpected purpose—to hold the stem of a lotus or lily, to dry a teacup, wipe away a tear or blow the absurd little nose of the doll-like little woman. The very smartest people of Japan use this style of handkerchief for practical purposes. After using, a ball is made of the paper, and it is thrown in the street with disgust.—Farm and Fireside.

Do Men Get on Their Knees?

Did you ever know a man to get on his knees in proposing marriage? Can you imagine a man—a man, we mean—making such an abject fool of himself?

If he is worthy of the girl, he brings as much to the proposed union as she—perhaps more. Why, then, should he humiliate himself? His proposition cannot be other than flattering to her. It is a serious matter and should be treated seriously. She will respect dignity, respect self respect.

On the other hand, if a man is unworthy of the union he seeks, no amount of pleading and cringing can possibly glorify him in the girl's eyes. It cannot kindle admiration for him, cannot bring him up to her level.

Isn't it about time to eliminate from our books and from our conversation this idea of the lover getting on his knees?—Munsey's.

Striking a Bargain.

A story is told of St. Foix, the French poet. Like many other students aspiring to the gifts of this classic art, he forgot to pay his debts. His creditors were larger in proportion than the checks received for his poems. Ere long he found himself in a precarious condition. But somehow he managed to evade all creditors through the exertion of his caustic wit. One day he sat in the barber's chair with his face lathered and ready to be shaved. Suddenly a creditor approached him and in stentorian tones demanded the payment of a bill. "Won't you wait until I get a shave?" inquired the poet in utmost civility. "Certainly," replied the other, pleased at the prospect of collecting some money. St. Foix made the barber a witness to the agreement, then calmly wiped the lather from his face. He wore a beard to his dying day.—Paris Letter.

To See Your Own Eye.

"Did you ever see your own eye?" asked an unscientific person. "It is a very simple matter. The most satisfactory view is obtained by shutting, say, the left eye, and pressing gently upon the right side of the right eye. You will then see, apparently at the right side of the nose, a round dark object about the size of the apple of the eye. That is what I take it to be, and I suppose the retina is made in some way to reflect the outer portion of the eye, though the phenomenon may be only an optical illusion.—New York Telegram.

Cruelty to Carpets.

Mrs. Zibzab—Mrs. Gazzer's carpets can't be very good, I'm sure of that.

Mrs. Buzlin—Why not?

Mrs. Zibzab—Just look over there in her yard and see the fearful beating she's giving them.—Roxbury Gazette.

S. C. MEADER

LATE FOREMAN of THE PAPER HANGING DEPARTMENT OF THE W. E. RICE COMPANY.

Desires to inform the people of Andover that he has started in business at No. 9 PORTER STREET, Andover, and all residents having any Painting, Paper Hanging, Tinting, Calcimining, or Whitewashing of ceilings will find it to their advantage to give him a call, or send a postal card. The hanging of Pressed Papers and all other heavy goods a specialty. For reference see The W. E. Rice Company.

McDonald & Hannaford,

HARNESS MAKERS.

of North Andover have taken C. H Shattuck's place of business on Main Street, and will continue as a branch harness shop. The best work done promptly and at right prices. Every thing usually found at a first class place will be kept on hand.

C. H. Shattuck will be in our employ.

THE DELSARTE

CORSET PARLOR

Ladies of Andover and vicinity withing anything in the Delsarte Corset and Hygienic supplies or the Acme Dress Shield can leave their orders at the millinery and dressmaking parlors, 5 Barnard's Court until further notice.

MRS. N. V. HUNTING, Agt.

MRS. R. M. FINDLEY,

Scientific Massage

[Residence, 32 Elm Street,

P. O. BOX, 431.

STOLEN

From the line at the American Hand Laundry, Tuesday night, a large Black Sweater. If returned a suitable reward will be paid and no questions asked.

A. M. HODGES.

SHORT HAND

Elementary Course Free by mail or orally.

At Hickox's Shorthand School, Copley Square, Boston, the leading and the largest exclusively Shorthand School in the United States. Send for particulars.

AMERICAN HAND LAUNDRY,

Mrs. A. M. HODGES, Mgr.

Goods called for and delivered. Work guaranteed satisfactory. Specialty of Shirt Work, Cuffs, Collars

Family Washing at the Lowest Rates.

PRAY BUILDING,

Main Street, - - Andover.

Articles of Association for the formation of a Street Railway Corporation.

WE, THE SUBSCRIBERS, hereby associate ourselves together with the intention of forming a Corporation for the purpose of constructing and operating a Street Railway for the conveyance of passengers, agreeably to the provisions of chapter one hundred and thirteen of the Public Statutes, and all general laws in addition thereto or amendment thereof.

The name of the Corporation shall be the Andover Street Railway Company.

The proposed railway is to commence at Andover Square, in the town of Andover, and County of Essex, and to extend through Andover to Ballardvale, and West Parish, also to North Andover, in the County of Essex and to North Reading in the County of Middlesex, its terminus.

Its length will be twelve miles, and its guage four feet, eight and one-half inches, as required by law.

The Capital Stock of said Company shall be thirty thousand dollars ($30,000).

The seven following named persons, being subscribers to these Articles, and a majority of them inhabitants of Andover, shall act as a Board of Directors, until others are chosen by the Corporation, viz.:

William H. Jowett, of Andover.
Joseph M. Bradley, of Andover.
H. Bradford Lewis, of Andover.
Walter H. Coleman, of Andover.
John N. Cole, of Andover.
William Odlin of Andover.
Howell F. Wilson, of Ballardvale.

And we hereby severally agree to take the number of shares in the capital stock of said Corporation set against our respective names.

Witness our hands, this twenty-ninth day of August, 1895.

SUBSCRIBERS	RESIDENCE.	P. O. ADDRESS.	SHARES
William Odlin,	Andover,	Andover,	50
John N. Cole,	"	"	40
Joseph M. Bradley,	"	"	50
Walter H. Coleman,	"	"	50
William H. Jowett,	"	"	10
William H. Higgins,	"	"	10
J. H. Campion,	"	"	10
J. W. Barnard,	"	"	10
J. P. Wakefield,	"	"	10
H. B. Lewis,	"	"	10
O. P. Chase,	"	"	10
George S. Cole,	"	"	10
Howell F. Wilson,	Ballardvale,	Ballardvale,	10
Joseph Shaw,	"	"	10
P. J. Scott,	"	"	10

New Advertisements.

To Let in Andover!

FURNISHED HOUSE OF 11 ROOMS

Heated by steam beside Dining room and Kitchen pantries. Bath room with hot and cold water

A Fine Sunny Location.

With the same, "if desired", a fine stable, poultry house and yard. Five minutes to the Post Office and within easy walking distance of Phillips and Abbot Academies.

Address, P. O. Box, 27, Andover, Mass.

BOARD in private family. Large rooms with first class table, for the season or longer if desired; high healthful location; pleasantly shaded lawn; flower and vegetable garden; six minutes from station; family preferred. For particulars, address Box 169.

BOARDERS WANTED. Apply to No. 140, Chestnut St.

FOR SALE CHEAP. A light, strong and up to date diamond frame bicycle. Apply to D. H. Poor, Ballardvale.

HENS FOR SALE. 120 Hens, mostly Plymouth Rocks. Also 10 pigs eight weeks old. Apply to R. A. WARD, Frye Village.

TYPEWRITING. Neatly and promptly done by Mrs. S. J Bucklin. Reads, revises and criticises manuscript. Address Lock Box 56. Residence 224 Main street, Andover, Mass.

TO RENT. Three unfurnished rooms suitable for housekeeping. Apply at this office.

WANTED. Man and wife to work on a farm in No. Andover. Man to be a teamster, woman to do general housework. Address, E. E., Box 117, No. Andover Depot.

Abbot Academy, FOR YOUNG LADIES, Begins its 67th year September 19th, offering enlarged opportunities. Three Seminary Courses of studies and a College fitting course. Address Miss Laura S. Watson, Principal, Andover, Mass.

WANTED. A competent girl for cooking and washing. Apply to MRS. JOHN RICHARDS, 30 Morton Street.

WANTED 12 Cranberry pickers. For particulars call on GEO. D. MILLETT, Holt District.

FOR SALE TWO SEATED DEMOCRAT WAGON. Will be sold cheap. C. E. KNOWLTON.

FOR SALE. I will sell a stylish Phaeton Top Buggy on easy terms at a low price. I had it made to order and cost when new $225, and is in fine order. My reason for selling is I haven't room for all my carriages May be seen at my stable. J. W. Barnard.

LOOK!

WALL PAPER, 5c. per roll and upwards,

NOISELESS NEW HOME Sewing Machines. At the lowest cash prices.

GOOD SECOND-HAND Sewing Machines $5 and up.

SEWING MACHINES cleaned and repaired.

PICTURES Framed in White, Oak, and Gilt.

Also, Window Screens, Stationery, Artist's Materials, Toilet Articles, Harmonicas, etc.

H. A. RAMSDELL,

8 Park Street, - Andover,

OPP. TOWN HALL.

A. W. CALDWELL, CARRIAGE AND HOUSE PAINTER, PARK STREET.

I wish to call the attention of the citizens of Andover and vicinity to the addition to my business of a

CARRIAGE

painting branch at the long established stand on Park St., recently occupied by C. M. Muster. By the same careful attention to this new branch that I have always given to the work of house painting, I hope to merit a share of the Andover patronage.

A. W. CALDWELL, Established 1874.

6-15-tf

Coughing.

For all the ailments of Throat and Lungs there is no cure so quick and permanent as Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. It is palatable, easy on the most delicate stomach and effective.

Scott's Emulsion

stimulates the appetite, aids the digestion of other foods, cures Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and gives vital strength besides. It has no equal as nourishment for Babies and Children who do not thrive, and overcomes

Any Condition of Wasting.

Send for Pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50c. and $1.

IVAR L. SJÖSTRÖM
CIVIL ENGINEER.

Surveys, Plans, Inspection and Estimates for railroads, Bridges, Buildings, and all classes of Structural work, Construction superintended, Examinations and Reports made of Projects and Properties. Mail orders promptly attended to.

Office, 228 Essex Street, Lawrence.

D. DONOVAN & SON,
Painting Graining, Glazing
AND PAPER HANGING.

First-class work. Paints, Oils and Window Glass always on hand.

17 Essex St., Andover, Mass.

CONCRETING.

I am now fully prepared to do concreting. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Also Landscape Gardening.

H. W. CUNNINGHAM,

Punchard Avenue, - Andover, Mass

WAREROOMS, PARK ST., ANDOVER, MASS.

FRANK H. MESSER,

Successor to C. S. Parker.

Funeral Director
And Embalmer.

COFFINS, CASKETS, AND FURNISHINGS AT THE OLD STAND.

RESIDENCE. - 34 ELM STREET.

JOHN E. HOLT,

GENERAL AGENT FOR

Shady Hill Nursery Co.,

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

All kinds of hardy fruit and ornamental stock, bulbs, herbaceous, perennials, etc, — furnished to order.

Residence: Cor. School and Abbot Streets.

MILLETT'S

O. W. VENNARD,
SUPERINTENDENT
SPRING GROVE CEMETERY.

All work in the cemetery promptly executed and done at reasonable rates.

Lots cared for by the Season.

RESIDENCE, CENTRAL STREET.

COULD'S
BAY STATE
DYE HOUSE.

Ladies Dresses, Cloaks, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Mantles, Scarfs, Ribbons, Gloves, Feathers, Gentlemen's Coats, Pantaloons, Vests and Overcoats, Dyed and Cleansed in first-class manner.

Satisfaction Every time in Work and Prices.

146 Essex St., Lawrence

THE GREAT CONFLICT.

Comparison of the Armies With the Great Ones of Europe.

A MOST REMARKABLE WAR.

Battles Not Exceeded In Fierceness During This Century—The Lives Lost Would Have Peopled Great Cities and Furnished the Bone and Sinew of Great States. Enormous Cost of the War In Treasure. The South Devoured Itself In the Struggle—The North Expended the Full Value of All the Seceded States.

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The twenty ninth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Louisville, Sept. 9 to 14, will be an event of unusual interest. The reunion will take place in the leading city of a border state, whose people were in both armies, and the whole nation, north and south alike, can but rejoice at this opportunity for former antagonists to shake the fraternal hand.

For a nation of busy people the Americans devote a surprising amount of attention to a war that ended 30 years ago. In the minds of the unfortunate few who are not alive with patriotic feelings and instincts this may appear childish. Men in whom emotion is wanting or is under full control would wish to see others as calm and philosophical as they themselves aim to be. But this sentiment of veneration seems to have a rational basis, and even in this new world can scarcely be said to be farfetched or overdone. Both in the classic and popular form of song and story the deeds of martial heroes have been celebrated since the dawn of literature. Poems and dramas having war for their themes take deepest hold upon the mind and heart.

Remove the war element from history, and who would read it? The fact is that the American civil war was one of the great, of the very, very few great, wars of modern times. It came upon the country as a new experience. It was believed that it would be short and trivial; it developed into one of the fiercest and bloodiest of the era, so that men made haste to forget it when it was over. But it involved the whole country, interested the entire population and shook society from the foundation up; hence memories of it are hereditary, and interest in it cannot die out until the great event is overshadowed by one still greater. On the battlefield enough men were shot dead to furnish the whole male population of some of the chief cities and of some old and populous states. The treasure expended would buy out two of the richest states in the Union today, and the lives lost in the war, including deaths from all causes, would furnish the entire male population of the greatest city in the land today.

Great Armies of History.

France has been the one famous fighting nation of the century. Her wars have filled the annals of European peoples with themes for the brightest pens, with pictures that challenge those of classic ages as subjects for the artist to place in enduring stone.

Take Napoleon from the stage of the world between 1800 and 1815 and what remains? In those 15 years of war France lost 2,000,000 men. The north alone lost equally in proportion from 1861 to 1865. During her periods of greatest martial activity France never put into the field at any one stage more men than the north had under arms the last twelve months of the war, and the average in each of the years from 1862 to 1865, inclusive, was about the same as in France in her years of warfare. But in order to get a comprehensive view of the magnitude of the conflict one must go beyond the figures identified with any single nation for parallel.

On the battlefield of Borodino, long considered one of the bloodiest in modern times, there were 250,000 men engaged, representing the powerful nations of France and Russia. At Gettysburg there were 168,000 men present, all of one nation, for a civil war means the conflict of a divided household. At the very same time there were 115,000 men contending at Vicksburg, and at Port Hudson and Helena, above and below Vicksburg, there were 50,000 more of these same brethren of one household battling for control of the great river. This means, then, that while Napoleon, invading Russia, and the czar, stemming the tide, mustered in all 250,000 men, the American nation, in the masterly struggles over Washington and the great highway of the west, brought into action 333,000 soldiers.

But there is a parallel more startling still. A year after Borodino the allied peoples arose in their might to wipe out Napoleon and France. There were six of the greatest nations—leaving out Austria—involved, and it was, for France, and also for her enemies, Russia, England, Prussia, Spain and Sweden, a war to the death. They met at Leipsic and fought three days, bringing to the battlefield the enormous muster of 465,000 men. One year after Gettysburg America's belligerent sons, the blue and the gray, rallied for the grand encounter in front of Richmond and before Atlanta. For 100 days they fought steadily over the course between the Rapidan and the James; for 100 days there was thrust and parry within the mountain glens and the thicket passes of Georgia, and the armies in the field marshaled under the banners of Grant and Lee, of Sherman and Johnston, numbered half a million of men, more than the six ancient nations of Europe brought together with six ancient crowns hanging in the balance. Neither were the Americans wasting in those qualities which in warriors deeply excite the veneration of those who review their deeds. They fought to the limit of human endurance, and their record on the battlefield compares favorably with that of modern European soldiers.

Fierceness of the Combat.

Following are 13 notable battles of the century, where the loss in killed and wounded exceeded 10 per cent of the number engaged:

1. Eilau, 1807. Russians and French. Loss, 26 per cent.
2. Stone River (Murfreesboro), 1862. Loss, 29½ per cent. The Union troops were not all closely engaged, but their loss was 22 per cent.
3. Marengo, 1800. Austrians and French. Loss, 23 per cent.
4. Chickamauga, 1863. Loss, 21 per cent. The Union troops were not all closely engaged, but their loss was 20 per cent.
5. Antietam, 1862. Loss, 21 per cent. Union troops were not all closely engaged, but their loss was 19 per cent.
6. Leipsic, 1813. Allies and French. Loss, 21 per cent. Leipsic has been termed by the Germans "the battle of the nations" on account of the vast armies assembled, which numbered 465,000 men. It occurred the year after Borodino, which until recent years has been classed as the bloodiest battle of modern times. But an outside estimate on the best figures attainable places the loss at Borodino at about 24 per cent.
7. Gettysburg, 1863. Loss, 20 per cent. Union troops not all closely engaged and their loss 19 per cent. The four Union corps most heavily engaged—namely, the First, Second, Third and Eleventh—lost 32 per cent. The six corps most closely engaged—including the Fifth and Twelfth with the above—lost about 27 per cent.
8. Shiloh, 1862. Loss, 20 per cent. Union loss, 17½ per cent.
9. Mars-la-Tour, 1870. Germans and French. Loss, 16 per cent.
10. Waterloo, 1814. Loss, 14 per cent.
11. Woerth, 1870. Germans and French. Loss, 14 per cent.
12. Solferino, 1859. French and Austrians. Loss, 12 per cent.
13. Sadowa, 1866. Prussians and Austrians. Loss, 12 per cent.

Of these battles Eilau, Marengo, Leipsic and Waterloo were fought with smoothbore flintlock muskets; Stone River, Chickamauga, Antietam, Gettysburg, Shiloh and Solferino with rifled barrels and percussion caps, and Woerth and Mars-la-Tour with breechloaders. At Sadowa the Prussians had breechloaders.

If the figures for the losses at Eilau, Marengo and Leipsic could be given with the exactness that applies to the battles of the civil war it is probable that the percentage of losses on those fields would be found less than I have estimated.

The figures handed down doubtless include the prisoners or missing, thus swelling the loss. In the numbers given for the civil war only the known killed and wounded are included in the account. To be exact, then, Stone River, Chickamauga, Antietam, Gettysburg and Shiloh must be considered the bloodiest battles of the century.

The Battle Scarred Regions.

The war invested certain regions with memories that can never fade. The veterans with their descendants and relatives who take pride in the achievements of kindred have made pilgrimages to the scenes hallowed by clash of arms, and every wave of interest set in motion by a battlefield tour broadens until thousands and tens of thousands are drawn in. But aside from all this the battle scarred regions remain monuments announcing the splendor and glory of the past. It will never be possible to tear from the valleys of the Potomac, the Rappahannock, the Shenandoah and the James the associations of the war; neither from the Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia mountains of the west.

In the east the bloody ground was between Gettysburg, Pa., on the north and Suffolk, Va., on the south, the western limit on a line drawn through Lynchburg, and the eastern through Norfolk. In this district, about 150 miles broad and 200 miles long, occurred 13 battles, where the loss in killed outright numbered over 100,000 and the aggregate of killed and wounded was over 200,000. In the lesser engagements and in siege operations probably 100,000 more were numbered with the casualties.

Here were fought the desperate struggles of Gettysburg, Antietam, Malvern Hill and Winchester, fields of glorious memory to the veterans who contended there. Here the Monitor bore down the Merrimac and led off in a new era of naval warfare. Here, too, was Appomattox. Back and forth over this blood stained arena the armies contended in the campaigns of the Rappahannock, the Peninsula, the invasions of Maryland and Pennsylvania, the Shenandoah and the Wilderness.

The graves of the Union dead in this consecrated arena number over 90,000, and tens of thousands more, who there received their death stroke, were borne north to their last resting place. The plains of Manassas, the vales through which the Shenandoah rolls its placid streams, the banks of the Potomac and the James were altars whereon the rich blood of patriots was shed as libations to the god of nationality.

The bloody ground in the west is almost identical with the state of Tennessee. From Atlanta on the southern limit to Knoxville on the northern is about 140 miles, and from Atlanta to Memphis on the west about 300 miles. Within the limits come Chickamauga, Stone River and Shiloh, three of the desperate battles of the age. For three years the war raged back and forth across the state of Tennessee. Fort Donelson, Nashville, Murfreesboro, Knoxville, Chattanooga and Corinth were scenes of repeated struggles. Over 70,000 Union dead lie in the cemeteries of that district, and tens of thousands were taken north from there for burial. The great movements of Confederate invasion of the north, under Bragg and Hood, were met and checked in that section.

War Memories a Vast Heritage.

The soldiers engaged on both sides numbered nearly 3,000,000 men. That means that, aside from every other interest which turned men's attention to the war, 15,000,000 persons looked upon the struggle as one of life and death for self or some one dear to them. But that is a view far too narrow. In the south every family gave up every ablebodied son, and in the north it is scarcely possible to find one not represented in the second degree at least. Not merely the 15,000,000 soldiers and others represented by them, but the entire 30,000,000 inhabitants, were stirred in every emotion and in every feeling by the war. The few that felt no sympathy had an antagonism quite as deep and as lasting in its effect. So in point of fact the history of the war, with its romance, its pathos, its deep currents of feeling, whether of sorrow or exultation, its tragedies and its thrilling excitements, comes to this generation as the heritage of 50,000,000 people.

There is still another side to the magnitude of the war, one seldom thought of or at least not appreciated, and that is the cost of it all—the actual destruction involved in life and property. War is destructive, and if neither the cause at stake nor the spirit of the contest stirs men's blood so as to mark the generations following them the passion aroused by personal loss will. Taken in mass the loss of life would show great cities wiped out, and that of property whole states put in pawn. The number of men in the northern armies alone, killed in battle, would equal the entire male adult population of the cities of Buffalo and Cleveland—that is to say, if every man in those two cities should be cut off by violent death, leaving every home desolate and every woman and child a mourner, the calamity and the sorrow would not be greater than those entailed upon the whole north by the bullets of the enemy. On the other hand, the death roll of the Confederates would equal the entire male adult population of New Orleans as it is today.

But deaths in battle represent only one-third of the lives sacrificed in the service. In the Union ranks there were 360,000 deaths from all causes during service. That number exceeds the entire male population of New York city proper, or of Chicago and Boston combined, with either Cleveland or Buffalo thrown in. If the entire population of St. Louis was wiped out by death at one blow, the horror would just represent in point of numbers the sacrifices of the north alone.

Besides the death casualties in war there are those permanently disabled by wounds and sickness. Add the disabled soldiers in the northern army to those who fell in battle or from other causes, and the number would represent the entire body of the inhabitants of Cleveland and Buffalo. These are striking estimates, but they are true. They show the waste of life, the appalling destruction of the best bone and sinew in the land. If an epidemic were to prostrate all the men in the cities of New York, Brooklyn, Buffalo and Cleveland, leaving three-fifths of them dead and two-fifths maimed for life, the calamity would be no greater in point of the numbers of victims than that entailed by the war upon the northern states.

In another portion of this article comparisons are drawn between the armies engaged in different campaigns of the civil war and those of European nations in the great struggles of Napoleon's day. But the representation of armies by figures can only impress the strongest imaginations or the minds of those trained to estimate large masses of men. The population of a state may present a tangible idea to those who have traveled beyond the limits of their native town or county. According to the census of 1890, each of the following eight representative states of their sections contained on an average about 1,500,000 people. One was as low as 1,300,000 and one as high as 1,700,000. Three stood at 1,600,000; two at 1,400,000 and one at 1,500,000. If every full grown man of those eight states should be drafted for an army, the multitude would just about equal the total number marshaled in the Union and Confederate armies between the fall of Sumter and the surrender at Appomattox.

Again, the entire male population of the great states of New York and Pennsylvania combined with that of any two of the eight states named above would but fitly represent in numbers the legions who wore the blue and the gray. The idea may be presented in a form still more simple, for many, than either of the above. If all the inhabitants—men, women and children—of Kansas and Virginia, or of North Carolina and New Jersey, should be transformed into soldiers and sent trooping toward the border in armies of 100,000 or 200,000 at a time, the spectacle would be a parallel of the musters of the great uprisings from 1861 to 1865, and all the soldiers gathered in former conflicts of the United States, beginning with the Revolution and ending with the Mexican war, would not equal the entire population of the smallest of those four states by 250,000.

The cost of the war in treasure cannot be stated with the same exactness as that expended in human lives. On the side of the south there was a vast amount of wealth devoted to the cause, yet the Confederacy created a debt of $2,000,000,000. Had every slave in the south been worth $500 in cash the southern people would have been the gainers by setting them all free in 1861. The north expended about $4,500,000,000. This treasure represented the present wealth of Massachusetts and Pennsylvania, united, and almost that of New York and California. Assuming that the wealth of the 11 states in the Confederacy was about the same in 1870, after five years' recuperation from the effects of the war, as it had been in 1861, not counting slaves, then valuing each slave in bondage in 1861 at $500, the north could have bought out the Confederacy, slaves and all, at its real value and saved money in the operation, to say nothing of the waste in lives and industrial energies.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

Salting Potatoes as They Grow.

A resident on Pearl street was sprinkling his potatoes to protect them from bugs, when his neighbor's servant girl, who was a recent importation from the Emerald Isle, popped her head up at the fence. The operation was a new one to her, and she inquired what he was doing. He replied that he was salting and peppering them so it would not be necessary to do it when they were cooked. "Well," she said, with a look of amazement on her face, "that do be curious indade."—Exchange.

Battle AX PLUG

The largest piece of GOOD TOBACCO ever sold for

10 CENTS

IN HUB MARKETS.

The Butter Situation Regarded as Unsatisfactory.

Cheese Continues Dull—Eggs Higher—Apples and Potatoes In Full Supply. Decline In Beans—Live Stock Markets.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—The butter market is firm and fairly active for fine fresh-made creamery in small packages, but easy and slow on other grades. Fresh receipts from New York, New Hampshire and Vermont, in boxes and small tubs, are kept sold up at pretty full prices, but lots in large tubs show some accumulation.

Only a few fancy makes of western creamery are sold as fast as they arrive. The bulk of the western butter sells slowly.

The situation on the whole is unsatisfactory. The time has arrived when 2 or 3 cents advance should be obtained.

Cheese.

The cheese market continues dull and unsatisfactory. Demand is light, and mainly for fancy twins, which will rule at 8½ to 8¾ cents. Large single cheese is slow at 8 cents, and forced sales would not realize over 7¼ cents.

There is little or no demand from England, and unless an outlet can be found it will be difficult to get higher prices. Receipts continue to run light, and overstock is small, but fully enough for the demand.

Other Produce.

The egg market has gained strength, and fresh western sold yesterday at 16 to 16½ cents, with special marks at 17 cents. Western shippers were very strong in their views and advised holding for 18 cents. Fresh eastern sold at 18 to 19 cents and new laid at 20 to 22 cents.

Beans have declined, and lots of marrow pea were offered yesterday at $1.45 to $1.50 a bushel, with very few sales in a large way. Small sales at $1.60 from store. Yellow eyes have declined to about $2, and red kidney are slow at $1.50 to $1.60. Lima beans have become very scarce, and small lots on spot command 6 cents.

Apples are in large supply, and for ordinary varieties $1.50 to $1.75 per barrel is a full price. Gravenstisns and other fancy varieties command $2 to $2.50 outside for finest Nova Scotia gravensteins.

There is a full supply of New York and eastern potatoes, and 40 to 50 cents a bushel is the range for large lots. Cranberries are arriving freely, and are slow at $5 to $6 a barrel.

T. A. HOLT & CO.

Central Street.

Andover, Mass.

AYER'S
Hygienic COFFEE.



A Health Drink, Nerve and Brain Food

Contains all the elements one's system requires. Prepared by M. S. Ayer of Boston. A Vegetarian for many years.

PRICE, 20 CENTS PER POUND.

Directions. Prepare the same as Coffee, using not more than two-thirds as much for same amount of water, or one tablespoonful to a pint.

Follow directions and you will use no other.

Send 2 two-cent stamps for book on "Diet Reform" to M. S. Ayer, 211 State St., Boston.

For Sale by J. H. Campion & Co

BEFORE I could get relief from a most horrible blood disease, I had spent hundreds of dollars TRYING various remedies and physicians, none of which did me any good. My finger nails came off, and my hair came out, leaving me perfectly bald. I then went to

HOT SPRINGS

Hoping to be cured by this celebrated treatment, but very soon became disgusted, and decided to TRY

S.S.S.

The effect was truly wonderful. I commenced to recover after taking the first bottle, and by the time I had taken twelve bottles I was entirely cured—cured by S. S. S. when the world-renowned Hot Springs had failed.

WM. S. LOOMIS, Shreveport, La.

Our Book on the Disease and its Treatment mailed free to any address.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

RICHARDSON & PITMAN
Carpenters and Builders

Architect's work a specialty. All orders promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 408, Andover, Mass.

ALL IS HARMONY.

Race Differences Buried In the Opening of Atlanta's Fair.

A Grand Parade of Civic and Military Bodies—Machinery Set In Motion by President Cleveland at Gray Gables.

ATLANTA, Sept. 19.—When President Cleveland touched a gold button at Gray Gables the wheels of the Cotton States and International exposition leaped into life and the great fair was formally opened.

Cannon blazed and thundered, 60,000 people cheered, 1000 flags fluttered from the tops of the many buildings, and the south's great industrial exposition was officially opened.

The city is profusely decorated with bunting and the national colors. The crowd is good natured, and, as in old carnival times, everything goes.

The list of distinguished personages and historic organizations here is a long one: New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Vermont, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, Illinois, Indiana, Arkansas, California, Texas, Alabama, Florida, South Carolina and Ohio, and many other states are officially represented, either by the governor or members of his staff, or a board of state commissioners.

The parade of civic and military bodies, which acted as an escort to the officials of the exposition and its guests, was the most imposing procession ever seen in the south. Several thousand Grand Army members came down from Chickamauga, Tenn., and were conspicuous on the streets. They received marked attention from the citizens.

An Historical Relic.

One of these, Lieutenant Franklin Berry, brought down from Massachusetts the identical flag which waved from Kennesaw to Allatoona, the famous signal on which was written the song, "Hold the Fort, for I am Coming." The lieutenant went up on Kennesaw mountain yesterday, and when the exposition was formally pronounced opened waved the same signal which he received 31 years ago from General Sherman and waved to General Corse.

When the parade reached the exposition grounds the official party proceeded to the auditorium. Judge Emory Spear delivered the address of the day. He was followed by Mrs. Joseph Thompson, chairman of the woman's board. Then Booker T. Washington of Tuskegee, Ala., spoke on behalf of the negro board. Albert Howell, a prominent member of the Atlanta bar, read an ode written by Frank L. Stanton, the south's best-known poet of to-day. An address by Governor Atkinson of Georgia was read by George Brown. President Charles H. Collier of the exposition company reviewed the work of building the exposition.

An Unusual Spectacle.

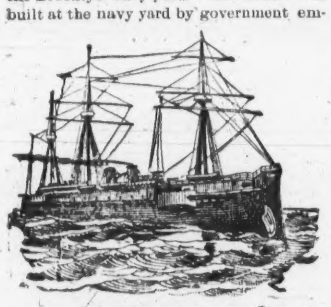
The new auditorium within the exposition grounds was packed to its remotest corners during the delivery of the addresses, all of which were received with enthusiasm. The program presented the remarkable spectacle of ex-Governor Rufus B. Bullock, elected chief executive of the state by Republican votes during the reconstruction period, and now a leading citizen of Atlanta, and director of the exposition, acting as master of ceremonies in introducing in succession to a southern audience Mrs. Joseph H. Thompson, president of the women's board, and Booker T. Washington, the representative of the negro race. This incident, coupled with the appearance of negroes in carriages in the parade and the presence of the negro building on the grounds, emphasized the recognition given to the race by this exposition for the first time in the history of such enterprises.

When Judge Spear concluded his oration, the ceremony of touching the button took place. While Judge Spear was delivering his address the operator cleared the line to Gray Gables, and shortly after 4 o'clock everything was ready. Herbert's band played a selection, and suddenly a flash of light from an electric lamp illuminated the building. There were great cheers. The exposition was formally opened.

MAINE IN COMMISSION.

One of Our Greatest Battleships Built by Government Employes.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 18.—The big battleship Maine was put in commission yesterday at the Brooklyn navy yard. The Maine was built at the navy yard by government em-



BATTLESHIP MAINE.

ployes at a cost of nearly $2,400,000, an appropriation having been made by special act of congress on Aug. 3, 1886. The Maine's keel was laid in 1890. She is rated as a second-class ship, and is one of the biggest battleships afloat belonging to the United States navy.

Life Convict Commits Suicide.

THOMASTON, Me., Sept. 19.—Oscar S. Blaney committed suicide in the state prison yesterday by hanging. Blaney was convicted of the murder of Thomas Barrows of Kittery in 1885 and was sentenced to be hanged. The sentence was afterward commuted to imprisonment for life.

Ex-Governor Handled a Shovel.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 17.—Ground for the new state house was broken yesterday. Ex-Governor Ladd dug the first shovelful of dirt for the foundation, and prayer was offered by Rev. E. C. Moore. Norcross Bros., contractors, will begin work on the new structure at once.

Business Block Burned.

EAST BROOKFIELD, Mass., Sept. 17.—The town was visited by a disastrous fire yesterday morning. The West block on Mechanic street, a wooden building, was destroyed, one of the tenants was burned to death, and three firemen were injured.

Took Advantage of Suffrage.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 17.—The women and their friends polled a large vote in the school election here. Miss M. E. Ives received 1714 votes. Five hundred and seventy-three women cast ballots.

A CARD FROM PALMA

In Which He Has Something to Say Concerning Plans of Insurgents.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—T. E. Palma, president of the provisional government of Cuba, issues the following card: "It is reported in the newspapers that Senor Enrique Moreno, who, it is said, represents himself as an agent of the New York Cuban junta, is at St. Louis enlisting men for the service in Cuba. Such report has no foundation in fact. Senor Moreno is not an agent of the New York Cuban junta, nor do I know who the gentleman is.



PRESIDENT PALMA.

"The Cuban junta shall not knowingly violate the laws of the United States, and it knows that enlisting men for military service is a violation of the law. Moreover, the Cuban revolution is in no need of men. What it needs are arms and ammunition for thousands of men who so far are supplied with no other weapon than the machete. Arms and ammunition the junta can buy within the law and will do so without concealment."

KENDALL IS CHOSEN

By Bay State Prohibitionists as Candidate For Governor.

BOSTON, Sept. 19.—The nominees for the Prohibition state ticket are as follows:

For governor—Edward Kendall of Cambridge.

Lieutenant governor—Edward S. Rogers of Lee.

Secretary of state—Willard O. Wiley of Beverly.

Treasurer and receiver general—William Purrington of Williamsburg.

Attorney general—Frank N. Farbush of Natick.

Auditor—Herman T. Regnell of Attleboro.

The committee on resolutions reported a platform which declared in favor of no compromise with either the manufacturer of or traffic in intoxicants for beverage uses; equal suffrage for both sexes; government control of all work of public necessity; prohibition of trusts; the integrity of the American school system; legal tender dollar, and postal savings banks; popular vote for president and congressmen; import duties only as a means of securing equitable relations with other nations; public board of arbitration for adjustment of labor difficulties, and abolition of contract convict labor system; restricted immigration and extension of the time of residence necessary for naturalization; preservation and defense of the Sabbath, and faithful enforcement of the civil service laws.

Lawrence's Celebration.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Sept. 17.—The first day's celebration of the 50th anniversary of Lawrence passed off successfully. The forenoon program included literary exercises, at which Governor Greenhalge was present. James H. Eaton delivered the oration. Miss Emily G. Wetherbee read an original poem, and Daniel Saunders, son of the founder of the city, spoke a few words on the early history of the city.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Sept. 18.—The second and closing day of the city's semi-centennial was carried out with a great burst of magnificence. At least 35,000 visitors were in the city. Open house was kept by nearly every social club and other organizations in the city.

An Unfortunate Young Woman.

LOWELL, Mass., Sept. 19.—Berdanotte Demoraine, the young girl who has been in a trance since Monday, recovered consciousness for an hour yesterday afternoon. She told her mother that her uncle, whose wake was the cause of her attack, was in purgatory and was calling for her. She relapsed into the cataleptic state and her body again became perfectly rigid.

Advantages of Arbitration.

BOSTON, Sept. 19.—The state board of arbitration, which has been considering the petition of the caulkers of East Boston for a partial restoration of the outdown made three years ago, has decided in favor of the caulkers. The caulkers asked that they be paid $3.25 a day. The employers will abide by the decision of the board.

At Chickamauga.

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 19.—The quarter centennial reunion of the Army of the Cumberland meeting in conjunction with the dedication of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National park was held last night in the monster tent erected to accommodate the several gatherings of the week.

In the Interest of Morality.

NASHUA, N. H., Sept. 19.—The State Congregational and Presbyterian associations voted yesterday to appoint a committee to act with the Baptists and Methodists in having the state liquor law enforced. It is claimed that the law is ignored in many communities.

The Haverhill Investigation.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Sept. 19.—At a meeting of the board of aldermen last night the special committee appointed last spring to investigate the poor department submitted its report. The officials of the city farm are fully exonerated.

Cheering News For Sluggers.

DALLAS, Sept. 18.—The Corbett-Fitzsimmons match will come off in this city. In the test glove contest case before Judge Hart of the court of criminal appeals he held that there is no law in Texas against prize fights.

Broker In a Bad Fix.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—John W. Baker, a broker and a member of the Boston Stock Exchange, is under arrest, charged with embezzling $6000 from E. D. Cummings, a sewing machine agent.

Spanish Premier Warned of Danger.

MADRID, Sept. 18.—General Campos has written to the Spanish premier, in which he declares that the Cuban rebellion is a great deal more serious than it was at the time of his last report.

Ten Years For Obstructing Tracks.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 14.—Henry Dostie, convicted of placing obstructions on a rail and track in Augusta, has been sentenced to 10 years in the state prison.

THE WEEK'S NEWS

Friday, Sept. 13.

The owner of the Valkyrie refused to continue the yacht races for the America's cup. The Defender thereby secures the honor of champion of the world——Navy yard officials say that the guns of the cruiser New York could not have caused the East Boston dock fire——Meeting of the Society of Colonial Wars held at Concord, N. H——The 260th anniversary of the incorporation of the town of Concord, Mass., observed——North Providence, R. I., town treasurer must show cause why he refuses to pay police salaries——Next general session of Red Men will be held at Minneapolis——Miss Beard of Andover, Mass., who was nearly murdered by her mother, fully recovered ——George A. Pillsbury of Lowell, Mass., appointed to a West Point cadetship——Harbor of Havana deserted, except by Spanish vessels——Steerage rates to be advanced immediately by transatlantic steamships——Three members of the fire regiment of Paris coming to Boston to inspect the fire department——Next Tuesday the 265th anniversary of the settlement of the city of Boston will be observed——Rev. Loren B. Macdonald, pastor of the New South (Unitarian) church, Boston, accepted the call of the First church at Concord, Mass——The national encampment of the Sons of Veterans opens at Knoxville on Monday The Zenith Flouring mills at Bloomington, Ills., owned by Keiser & Van Lees, were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $50,000——N. R. O'Conor, British minister to China, has been appointed ambassador to Russia.

Saturday, Sept. 14.

Business of the Grand Army encampment at Louisville ended; Mrs. L. A. A. Turner of Boston elected national president of the Women's Relief Corps——Michael Hayes, a freight handler, was struck by a backing train and instantly killed while crossing the tracks of the Boston and Albany railroad at Boston ——On the grounds of E. M. J. Connor at Exeter, N. H., a young apple tree that has not yet borne is now in bloom —— At Rowley, Mass., unknown persons poisoned George Cressey's valuable horse Thursday. Recently, Cressey's dog and calf were killed in the same way—— In the police court at Portsmouth, N. H., Herbert Clough, who feloniously assaulted Emma Caswell, was arraigned, identified by Miss Caswell, held for the supreme court and remanded to jail—— A contract for building a steamer for Moosehead lake has been awarded to Charles Harrington of Bath, Me——Augustus Pelletier, while hunting near Bear Hill pond, Harvard, Mass., killed two foxes at one shot——The 30th annual reunion of the Thirty-fifth Massachusetts Regiment association will be held in Weymouth, Mass., next Tuesday——The Maine railroad commissioners have decided to hold their meetings the first Wednesday of every month, instead of Tuesdays, as formerly——Mrs. Hannah T. Garrick, mother of Elbridge T. Gerry, is dead——Hon. James H. Eckels, comptroller of the United States currency, and his wife are touring the continent——Henry Harteau, president of the Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance company, died at Brooklyn——The Maine railroad commissioners decided to hold their meetings the first Wednesday of every month, instead of Tuesdays, as formerly——Cuban rebels routed in the Trinidad district—— The Boston police force will be divided into 16 companies for the parade on Oct. 17——John McGrath resigned his position with the first assistant secretary of the treasury at Washington to accept a place in the Boston custom house —— Hon. James H. Eckels, comptroller of the United States currency, and his wife touring the continent.

Sunday, Sept. 15.

Panama banana fields destroyed by a violent storm——Schoolship Enterprise will probably go to Halifax before going to Boston——Two-year old colt Applegate sold at auction for $8000——Mrs. Laura L. Phillips, an actress, formerly of Boston, dead——Mora claim paid by Spain in a draft on London—— American Unitarian association to have an educational exhibit at the Atlanta exposition——Ex-Bank Treasurer Willard of Wilmington, Vt., indicted for embezzlement and larceny——Morton to be brought forward as a presidential candidate at the New York Republican convention——The news that Mrs. Langtry has applied for a divorce in California confirmed——James Otis, a descendant of John Otis, one of Hingham's (Mass.) early settlers, dead—— James Carroll, well known in the express business at Lowell, Mass., fatally injured by falling downstairs——At the firemen's muster at Farnumsville, Mass., the Niagara of Upton won the championship ——Bodies of Mehitable and Eliza L. Mills burned to death by fire in their house at Suncook, N. H——Attempt made to burn a tenement house at New Britain, Conn——Bertie Shannon, aged 10 years, of Kittery Foreside, N. H., while at play, ran with an open jackknife in his hand and fell, and the knife blade penetrated his heart, causing instant death —— Judge Bill, in the Hartford police court, fined Henry Stanley $150 for stealing a bicycle, and sent him to jail for 10 months for assaulting two policemen——The pennant of the Eastern baseball league will go to the Springfield team.

Monday, Sept. 16.

Great semi-centennial celebration begun at Lawrence, Mass——Masterly generalship by Count von Waldersee in the German army maneuvers——Big conspiracy to rob the government exposed in Oklahoma——China advised Japan not to take possession of Formosa —— Ex-Speaker Crisp denies that he has declared for Whitney's nomination for the presidency ——Boston steamer Bridgeton towed into Colon in distress —— Belgium seeking France's aid in settling the Stokes matter with England——James A. Taylor, who killed an Armenian at Woonsocket, R. I., released from custody——Mr. Hornblower to have the vacant place on the supreme bench——Celebration in Rome of the occupation of the city by Italian troops 25 years ago——Report that territory will be ceded to Germany by China ——Hundreds of invalid French troops being taken from Madagascar——Rev. Dr. Reuen Thomas of the Harvard church, Brookline, Mass., declined a call to a church in London——Rev. Dr. Nathaniel Butler accepted the presidency of Colby university of Waterville, Me——The wage situation at Fall River, Mass., at a critical point —— Death of Colonel Lucius B. Walkley of Westfield, Mass—— Spain to release convicts to fight the Cubans——Simultaneous incendiarism and burglary at Saco, Me.——Indian outbreak feared at Rosebud agency, South Dakota ——John E. Rockefeller's barn and outbuildings at Tarrytown, N. Y., burned; work of incendiaries——Oscar Fernald who disappeared from Somerville, Mass., last June, returned to his home——Report that the forger of Newton (N. H.) bonds cannot be punished discredited.

Tuesday, Sept. 17.

Continuation of semi-centennial at Lawrence, Mass——Jabez Howes Sears, the well-known Boston architect and builder, is dead——New Bedford (Mass.) manufacturers refused to advance wages—— Secretary Carlisle hopes that bills of exchange will stop the gold flow——Senator Vest deserted the 16 to 1 silver men—— Rumor of sinking of North German Lloyd steamer and loss of 150 lives——Reunion of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee at Cincinnati——Sons of Veterans' convention begun at Knoxville—— Convention of colored citizens of Massachusetts in the interest of the race called for Oct. 16——Reception to Rev. Elmer Hewitt of South Weymouth, Mass., upon the occasion of his 90th birthday——Herd of Jersey cattle in Shelburne, Mass., badly infected with tuberculosis—— Heavy frosts occurred in Massachusetts and Pennsylvania——Soldiers who served under Ezeta rioted at Salvador——Five United States cruisers now at New York ——Kansas Populists refuse to unite with Democrats——Freight train derailed by wind at Madison Junction, Wis.——Half of the French expedition to Madagascar unfit for action——Austro-German group made powerless by the change in the Austrian cabinet —— Michael Davitt sent funds from Australia to the anti-Parnellites in London —— Seven persons burned to death on a steamer plying between London and Leith—— Premier Salisbury evidently intends to enter into closer friendship with the dreibund——Central Pacific intends to leave the Union Pacific without direct connection to the Pacific coast——State of Illinois may sue the Bell Telephone corporation for violation of federal and anti-trust laws——American Catholics in Wisconsin and northern Michigan exhorted to pray for the pope Sept. 20 or 22——Pennsylvania's insurance commissioner thinks state supervision over insurance companies should be more rigid.

Wednesday, Sept. 18.

Additional racing between the Defender and the Valkyrie out of the question—— Dr. Talmage may go to Washington as joint pastor with Dr. Sunderland——Oates a sound money candidate for senator in Alabama——Treasury believes gold exports practically over for the autumn—— Twenty-two governors at Chattanooga in attendance on the military park dedication——Fall River (Mass.) manufacturers will send no formal reply to weavers' demands——Jefferson mills at Manchester, N. H., closed down for an indefinite period ——Assistant postmaster at Columbia Falls, Me., caught with decoy letters on his person——Chief justice of Texas decided that there is no law there to prohibit prize fighting——Judge H. B. Wilcox of Madison, Conn., killed by a train —— Atlanta exposition formally opened. Electric button at Gray Gables, Mass., started machinery—— Evacuation of Banes, most important fruit port on the northern coast of Cuba ——Old officers of Society of the Army of the Tennessee chosen —— Omaha police board contention decided in favor of the A. P. A——New York state Republicans nominated the old ticket and endorsed Morton for the presidency——Portland (Me.) police rolling up evidence in the wholesale burglary case —— Western Ohio overrun by snails—— Traffic in Mexican cattle in Texas increasing—— No North German Lloyd steamer has foundered ——Another French expedition will go to Madagascar——Garibaldi veterans attacked by clericals at Palermo ——King Humbert of Italy released all but four political prisoners —— French experts have little faith in M. Turpin's alleged engines of destruction——Several United States warships have never been given progressive speed trials—— Evidence piling up against Theodore Durrant at San Francisco —— W. S. Hoyt appointed deputy collector of customs at Lynn, Mass——Brigadier General Henry stands up for Sioux Indians—— The Cramps lost $25,000,000 worth of contracts to build ships for the Japanese navy by lack of facilities——Congress will be asked to try and protect American sailors from abuse in the future——The Democratic state executive committee of Illinois repudiated the June free silver convention——Cambridge (Mass.) milk dealers were fined $50 each for having in their possession milk not up to the standard.

Thursday, Sept. 19.

Atlanta exposition opened by President Cleveland pressing the button——Darien, Conn., besieged by unpaid and hungry Italians ——John Whitman of Waltham, Mass., found dead on the road at Dublin, N. H——Destructive hurricane in Michigan——Death of Dr. Nelson Isham at Little Falls, N. Y——William Neal killed by a train at Bridgewater, N. H——Services in connection with dedication of state monuments in Chickamauga-Chattanooga military park and reunion of the Army of the Cumberland——Indianapolis lost $350,000 by fire ——Assistant Secretary Hamlin takes sugar invoice question under consideration——Herreshoffs may be awarded the contract to build three torpedo boats——Admiral Kirkland called upon to explain his remarks about missionaries in Turkey—— Death of ex-Congressman John B. Haskins——Tobacco trust reduced price of plug cut tobacco out west——The Thirty-second Massachusetts veterans to place a tablet at Gettysburg —— Haverhill (Mass.) poor farm officials exonerated——Feeling of greater serenity at the treasury over the gold situation——Corbett begun training for his fight with Fitzsimmons—— Chinese authorities refuse to punish high officials who were responsible for the Ku-Cheng massacres—— Armenians propose to push the case against Taylor, who killed Hinttian at Burrillville, R. I——Deacon Edward Kendall of Cambridge, nominated for governor by the Massachusetts Prohibition state convention——Charles H. Coller, who disappeared from Concord, N. H., arrested at Athol, Mass——Oregon Improvement company will probably default on a $6,000,000 bond issue——Work begun on the state normal school building at Lowell, Mass —— President Charles Davenport of the Bath (Me.) Savings institution resigned after 40 years service —— English bicycle rider made a mile in 1m. 54 4-5s——France to ask Great Britain for the Minquier islets ——American blackmailer given 10 years by a London judge——Forty-three deaths from cholera at Algiers in one day—— Second Chinese loan, guaranteed by Russia and France, nearly ready——Certain prelates in the United States accused of booming an American pope —— Report finds credence in Paris that Ambassadors Eustis and Runyon will exchange places ——Fatal chain of circumstantial evidence linked about Durrant, the alleged San Francisco murderer.

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GORDON C. CANNON, PRINCIPAL

History of Andover

Subscriber wishes a copy of Abbott's History of Andover. Address "K," TOWNSMAN Office.

NORTH ANDOVER.

Margaret Milner broke the bones of her left wrist Tuesday by a fall.

Thomas Milner who has been seriously ill for some time is improving in health.

Mrs. William C. Holt left town Thursday for a week's visit with relatives in Strafford, N. H.

Mrs. Fernald of Kittery, Me., is the guest of her son, William M. Fernald, Pleasant street.

Miss Julia May Taylor of Neponset is visiting at the home of her aunt, Mrs. E. W. Moody.

William R. Elliott of the Anderson Mill in Skowhegan, Me., is visiting his parents.

Fred Dodge, station agent of Windham, N. H., spent Sunday with his brother, George E. Dodge of town.

Rev. M. B. Pratt will preach in Methuen Sunday, in exchange with Rev. J. W. Adams who comes here.

The county fair at Peabody has been well attended by people from town this week.

Tom Milner is acting as clerk for J. M. Sanborn, the baker, during the absence of Fred Dill, who is having a vacation.

The severe frosts lately have been quite disastrous to the cranberry crops in the lower part of the town.

Owing to ill health, Miss Susie Morrill has returned home from Smith College, Northampton, and will recuperate for a year.

The Asa Abbott place on High Street, which is now unoccupied, is being repaired and will soon become the residence of W. W. Chickering and family.

Miss Mary A. Leavitt, daughter of Rev. H. H. Leavitt, a graduate of the High School, Lawrence, is now a student at Wellesly College.

Charles Wilcox has lately purchased three handsome gray horses, which, when harnessed abreast, make a very fine appearance.

Many warm friends were pleased to see Mrs. H. H. Leavitt of Somerville, who was in town for a brief call Tuesday morning.

The money has been raised for the purchase of a flag for the Farnham District school-house, and it was intended to raise it the present week.

George H. Gilbert has sold his family driving horse "Present," a cousin to the famous trotter "Nelson," to a gentlemen in Springfield, who formerly owned him.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hodgdon of Hyde Park, former residents of town were visiting relatives here and friends in Lawrence, during the early days of the week.

Messrs. J. Gilbert Chadwick and son are to enter upon the business of early market gardening next season and are arranging for the purchase of several hot beds.

The Andover Union of Christian Endeavor Societies will hold their quarterly meeting at the West Church, Andover, Tuesday evening, October 1 at 7.45. The programme will be announced next week.

Warren B. Chadwick, Class of '82, J. H. S., has accepted the position of instructor in manual training in the Haverhill School, a position which he will fill with faithfulness and credit.

The semi-annual meeting of the Y.P.M L.S.S. occurs this evening. At a special meeting held last week Friday evening selections were read by Misses Belle Roache, Grace Downing, Helen Gile, Dr. Fred S. Smith.

The firm of Sagehomme & Byers, who made an assignment a short time since for the benefit of creditors, have, it is understood, through their attorney, Harry R. Dow, made an offer of settlement which it is thought will be satisfactory.

The suit of A. P. Ellis *vs* L. L. H. Street Railroad Company for damages received to person and property at the Canal Street crossing, Lawrence, came before the court at Newburyport, yesterday. E. T. Burley, Esq., appeared for the plaintiff in whose interest it is understood the case was settled.

The celebration of the 250th anniversary of the formation of the first church and society in North Andover will take place on Oct. 2, commencing at 10.30 A.M. Historical address by Rev. Chas. Noyes. The former ministers of the parish and descendants of natives of the town will also take part.

Miss Marguerite Newhall entertained eight of her school-mates on Saturday last. Games were played, and a tempting little feast was spread in "Sassafras Grove," a pleasant retreat near Mr. Newhall's. The day passed altogether too quickly for the young people, who returned home only when the declining sun warned them so to do.

The steamship "Gallia" of the Cunard Line arrived in Boston Sunday, with 245 saloon, 86 cabin, and 604 steerage passengers, which is said to be the largest number of saloon passengers ever brought from Europe to Boston. Among the saloon passengers was Mrs. Robert Duncan who arrived home after an extremely rough passage, from a visit with relatives in Scotland. Mrs. Duncan was the bearer of many cheerful and happy messages, as well as valuable reminders of her visit to her old home, from relatives on the far side to the members of the family on this side of the ocean.

A foot-ball club, called the "Red Stockings," has been formed as follows: Left end, Arnold E. Midwood; left tackle, William E. Quealy; left guard, Walter L. Carney; center, Ernest W. Johnson; right end, Fred L. McCarty; right tackle, Matthew H. Curley; right guard, John L. Costello; quarter-back, Herbert E. McQueston: right half-back, Walter L. Burnham; left half-back, Fred A Baldwin; full-back, Edward E. Curley.

At a meeting of the Board of Registrars in the Selectmen's office Saturday evening, the dates of the meetings to be held for the purpose of registering the names of voters before the annual state elections are as follows: Monday evening, Sept. 23, at Selectmen's office, from 7.30 to 9.30 o'clock; Thursday evening, Oct. 17, at Town Hall, from 7.30 to 9.30 o'clock; Saturday evening, Oct. 26 from 12 o'clock M. until 10 o'clock P. M.

The social gathering under the direction of the social committee of Christian Endeavor Society held in the vestry of the Congregational church last Wednesday evening was attended by a large number of young people. Photographs of many of those present, when little children, were exhibited and to the one guessing the largest number correctly, a prize was awarded. John Duncan guessed 35 out of 50 correctly and received the prize. The successful one in estimating the combined ages of the gentlemen present was Miss Lillie Glennie. The nearest estimate to the combined weight of the ladies, Herbert Stillings. Prize for musical test, Miss A. E. Sanborn. Refreshment of fruit was served upon the plates contributed by those present

Democratic Caucus.

A democratic caucus will be held in Stevens Hall, Friday evening, Sept. 27, at 7.45 o'clock, for the purpose of choosing delegates to the State, Councillor, County, District Attorney, Senatorial and Representative District Conventions, and to choose members of the Town Committee. The meeting will be called to order by A. L. Fernandes, chairman of the Democratic Town Committee. The provisions of the Caucus Act of 1895, apply to the conduct of the meeting.

Married.

George W. Hall and Miss Sophie Fremmer were married in Lawrence Wednesday evening by Rev. Fr. Green of that city. M. D. Currier acted as groomsman and Miss Emma Fremmer, a sister of the bride, as bridesmaid. A private reception was held in the prettily decorated home, 37 Haverhill Street, and an excellent repast was served by Caterer Tanner. Mr. and Mrs. Hall will reside on Knox Street, number 90.

Mrs. Hall was formerly a resident of town and a student in the class of '84, J. H. S., and will doubtless receive the best wishes from many friends here for success and prosperity through life.

Fatality.

Joseph Garvin of Andover Street was struck by the opera car Saturday night and death ensued from the injuries received shortly afterward.

Garvin was assisted aboard the 10.30 electric car at the lower end of Essex St., Lawrence, by Daniel Webster, and rode as far as Nason's corner where he disembarked and instead of going toward his home in the Centre, wandered down Pleasant Street, and either fell or lay down beside the track in the weeds and grass, nearly opposite the home of John Meserve.

After the accident Dr. Morrill was called and advised his immediate removal to Lawrence Hospital, but death occurred when the car on which he was placed reached the North Andover depot. Officer George I. Smith assisted in caring for the injured man.

Deceased was a single man 35 years of age, and followed the trade of moulding. His parents, two sisters and four brothers survive. Funeral services were conducted at St. Patrick's Church, South Lawrence, by Rev. Fr. Crowley, Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock. Messrs. Timothy McCarthy, John Wilcox, Thomas Carroll, acted as bearers.

Republican Caucus.

A caucus of the Republican voters has been called under the Act of 1895, for next Tuesday evening at 7.45 o'clock, at the Town Hall. The meeting will be called to order by Mr. Ralph Blake, chairman of the Republican Town Committee.

In accordance with the provisions of the Caucus Act of 1895, for the purpose of a basis of understanding among the members of the party and for the purpose of some method of regularity concerning balloting at the caucus, the Town Committee has issued regulations as follows:

Candidates for delegates which are to be voted for to attend the State, Councillor, County, District, Attorney, and Senatorial Conventions, shall be voted for upon one ballot and such ballot shall be not less than 5 by 12 inches, nor more than 5 1-4 by 12 1-4 inches in size.

Candidates for delegates which are to be voted for to attend the Republican Representative District Convention shall be voted for on one ballot, said ballot to be not less than 5 by 8 inches nor more than 5 1-4 by 8 1-4 inches in size.

Candidates for members of the Town Committee shall be voted for on one ballot and such ballot shall be not less than 5 by 5 inches nor more than 5 1-4 by 5 1-4 inches in size.

Names of candidates for delegates to the State, Councillor, County, District, Attorney and Senatorial Conventions, shall be arranged by groups under the designation of the several offices to be filled and in the order designated in the call. All ballots shall consist of plain white paper not less in weight than that of ordinary printing paper.

No ballot shall contain more names to be voted for than there are places to be filled and no ballot shall contain printing or writing upon more than one side.

The Act requires all delegates to conventions and all members of the town committee to be chosen by ballot.

Annual Meeting of Improvement Society.

The annual meeting of the North Andover Improvement Society occurred in the vestry of the Congregational Church Monday evening, President George G. Davis in the chair. The records were read by Secretary J. D. W French, and after a request to insert upon the record particular names which appeared on the program for Arbor Day, 1894, the minutes were approved and accepted.

According to the treasurer's report there have been received the following amounts:

Cash, M. T. Stevens, trees,	$8.00	
Beverly Improvement Society,	20.00	
Mrs. Lila Sutton Young, proceeds of theatrical entertainment,	100.00	
Cash for membership fees,	51.00	
Balance on hand,	113.33	
		$292.33
Expenditures,		119.79
Balance,		$172.54

The report was accepted.

It appeared from the report of the secretary that fewer trees had been planted by the Society during the past year, as that had been left by the town to the Park Commissioners.

A triangular plot of ground near the Boston & Maine Depot had been improved by the planting of shrubs and vines, and further improvements would be made. Several dead trees had been replaced. Improvements had been made upon the training field. The list of historic and interesting places about town was in course of preparation. The flower show this season was in some respects the most successful ever given. It was the first time that it had included an exhibition of pressed flowers.

The delightful theatrical exhibition at the Town Hall recently and the Garden Party at Hill Crest had each added a handsome sum to the treasury.

It was suggested that the Selectmen petition the State Highway Commission in regard to keeping the highways clear of bushes, furnishing drinking troughs, etc. The executive committee had been sub-divided into committee of training field, Common, Phillips Square, village streets.

The secretary, Mr. French, earnestly advised in favor of exterminating the obnoxious wild carrot which is so plentiful in many North Andover fields and by-ways. Mention was also made of the danger of electric wires among trees, and but little thought or regard was given, in this town, to the trees when the wires were being placed along through the highways. He advised keeping in touch with, and noting the improvements in, neighboring towns. School gardens, he thought, were good for teaching children simple things about plants and flowers, after the custom of Germany and France.

Moses T. Stevens, Jr., reported that the hay raised on the training field had been sold for $5 and that some trees and shrubs had been planted by way of its improvement. It was suggested that the Selectmen be asked to plow upon the roadside in a southerly direction, in order that further improvement could be made.

Rev. Charles Noyes reported for improvements in Phillips Square, which have been kept in most excellent and attractive condition by Mr. Roundy, who through the season, has mowed the grass and trimmed the edges of the greensward. He said that the wild carrot which infested the places had been cut down, that its seed might not spread and its tribe be multiplied.

Mr. Stillings reported for village streets and said their adornment had been principally attended to by the Park Commissioners.

Voted to insert an article in the town warrant, relative to establishing street building lines, Chap. 462, Acts of 1893.

Voted to ask Selectmen to petition the State Highway Commissioners for piece of state road, which would be a good sample for our road-makers to follow.

The officers chosen were as follows: President, George G. Davis; vice-presidents, J. H. D. Smith, Nathaniel Stevens; secretary, J. D. W. French; treasurer, C. E. Stillings; executive committee, John O. Loring, Mrs. George G. Davis, Fred E. Clarke, Mrs. L. S. Young, Mrs. W. A. Hall, Moses T. Stevens, Jr.

The committee on arranging for the next floral exhibit, and the appointment of all sub-committees, was left to the executive committee.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pain in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to the cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial bottle will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At Arthur Bliss' Drug Store.

"The Boys Caused the Trouble." So Says the Court

In Police Court Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock the cases of John McDonald, William Smith and William Gillispie vs. Edward P. Hinman, for alleged assault and battery, and the Boston & Maine Railroad, represented by Station Agent George E. Dodge, vs. John McDonald, William Smith and Gillispie, for an alleged violation of the statute relative to walking upon a railroad track without right, etc., were heard before Judge Frye.

It appears from statements made to the court that the boys on the afternoon of Sept. 7 about 4.30 o'clock entered upon the railroad tracks at Osgood Street crossing, Lawrence, and walked toward the Sutton Street station in town. When just this side of the railroad bridge over Shawsheen River in town, they meddled with certain iron water pipes which lay in a pile beside the track, two of the boys each holding an end of one pipe upon their shoulders, while a third performed acrobatic feats upon the pipe while it was thus held horizontally. After continuing this sort of work for a time the boys left for home, passing easterly down the track. Now, Mr. Hinman, the signal master of this vicinity, claimed to have seen the performance of the boys, who, he said, were bending the pipes by these acts, and they would throw down one pipe and pick up another and go through similar manoeuvres. He claimed to have seen the pipes about noontime and that the pipes were tied and were in order and were not bent, but after viewing the pipes within a few minutes after the plaintiffs had left them, which was as soon as the passage of the trains and the setting of signals would allow, the pipes were scattered about and some of the pipes were bent.

Learning the condition of the property and in the interest of his employers, he hurried after the boys and overhauled them near the freight house on Sutton Street and requested the names of one of them, but claims to have met with a saucy answer. He then requested them to return to Mr. Dodge at the station, and upon their refusal, attempted to take one or more of them. Then a scuffle ensued and during the melee, in which he received a dangerous kick and seeing one of the contestants armed with a stone or other dangerous missile, in self-defense, he drew his revolver, which he snapped three times at the feet of his assailants, who retired from the immediate field. None of the cartridges exploded, and Mr. Hinman had been instructed by Mr. Dodge, a police officer in cases of trouble on the railroad where he could not learn the names of the offending parties to bring them before him at the station.

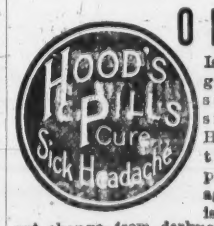
The statements concerning the fracas near the freight depot were somewhat conflicting, the plaintiff, McDonald, claiming that at the time of Hinman's overtaking the trio he first received a kick in the back and was then grabbed by the defendant; then ensued certain conversation and the subsequent scuffle. The other two concerned testified likewise, while the defendant was unrepresented by counsel or witnesses. The boys after the fracas went to interview Chief of Police Robinson, but did not find him at home. That night they went to talk over the matter with a comrade named Harrington who was with them in the afternoon but who left them near the Oil Station, prior to the trouble at the freight house

Subsequently a warrant was issued for the arrest of Mr. Hinman upon the charge named. Mr. Hinman pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to pay a fine of $5 or serve 30 days. He paid the fine.

The boys then became defendants, being held to answer to the charge alleging a breach of the statute, relative to walking upon a railroad track without right, etc. This turnabout of affairs was rather a surprise to the boys, and to the allegation they pleaded not guilty. About the same facts and evidence appeared in one case as in the other and the court found the boys guilty and ordered each to pay a fine of $5, which they did. The result of the affair reminded one of the shearers who went forth to shear, returning shorn. In these cases Mr. A. P. Chickering made his debut as counsel for the boys. In the first case he represented the government, in the other he was "agin" it.

It Did the Business.

Mr. J. H. Cobb, publisher of the *Mirror* at Brocton, N. Y., says: "For nearly two years the *Mirror* has been publishing the advertisements of Chamberlain's Remedies. A few days ago the writer was suffering from a bowel trouble and resorted to an old remedy which did not prove efficacious; finally, he tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and two doses did the business, checking it completely. For sale by druggists.



O My Head!

Is the weak, languid cry of the sufferer from sick headache. Hood's Pills cure this condition promptly, and so agreeably that it is like the pleasant change from darkness to daylight. The feeling of utter exhaustion and inability to work is driven off and the digestive organs are toned, strengthened and regulated. Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, safe, reliable. 25c. at all druggists.

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We have arranged with one of the Largest Carpet Houses in the United States, whereby they carry constantly a large stock, subject to our and other orders, and we have the samples ready at all times for inspection. We shall show a full line of the Newest Patterns, in all kinds of carpets, and our variety is as large as many of the stores in the larger cities.

You can have the carpets cut to measure, and sewed and delivered to you, ready to be laid on the floor.

We have just received a new lot of Axminster and Brussels remnants, 1 1 2 yards long, at 85c, $1, $1.10, and $1.25 each.

Straw Matting and Oil Cloths.

Call and see our samples of Hodges' Fibre Carpets. A soft, pliable, odorless, reversible matting, an ideal sanitary chamber carpet.

As we have no stock to carry, no risk to run on patterns, misfits or remnants, we can afford to sell at a very small profit.

SMITH AND MANNING,

ESSEX ST., ANDOVER.

The Poor Mouse.

A lady while engaged in the pursuit of her domestic duties encountered a mouse in the flour barrel. Now, most ladies, under similar circumstances, would have uttered a few genuine shrieks and then sought safety in the garret, but this one possessed more than the ordinary degree of genuine courage.

She summoned the manservant and told him to get the gun, call the dog and station himself at a convenient distance. Then she clambered half way up stairs and commenced to punch the flour barrel with a pole.

Presently the mouse made its appearance and started across the floor. The dog at once went in pursuit. The man fired, and the dog dropped dead, the lady fainted and fell down the stairs, and the man, thinking that she was killed and fearing that he would be arrested for murder, disappeared and has not been seen since. The mouse escaped.—Amusing Journal.

Merry to the Last.

It was the 21st of April, 1821. Dr. I. P. Frank, the eminent governor of the University hospital, Vienna, lay on his deathbed and was expected every moment to pass away. Once more the eight leading medical men of the capital gathered round his couch. All at once the patient burst out laughing.

"What is it that tickles your fancy?" his friends inquired.

"A story has just come into my mind," was the reply. "On the battlefield of Wagram lay a French soldier and counted his wounds. 'Sacre bleu!' he exclaimed, 'it takes eight bullets to kill a French grenadier.' Gentlemen, there are eight of you too."

Thus he spoke and expired in a fit of laughter.—Illustrirtes Sonntags-Blatt.

The Strength of a Hair.

An interesting article was published in a Paris paper recently regarding the weight which a hair from the human head can support. "Hairs," says the author, "have a force of resistance hard to believe unless one has convinced himself by experiments. Bichat does not fear to say that nothing else, not even excepting a fibrous tissue, can support so large a weight in proportion to its volume. Grellier, who shares this opinion, has estimated that a single hair can carry a weight of 1,034 decigrams (more than 100 grams). According to Richter, a blond hair can bear more than six ounces, a black one still more. One can thus appreciate the great strength of the ropes which the Carthaginians made of their hair."

Haddock Marks.

Why do haddocks carry those peculiar black "finger marks" near the head? Some tell us that they are a memento of the pressure of St. Peter's fingers when he went fishing for the tribute money. On the Yorkshire coast they say the devil once determined to build a bridge at Filey. His satanic majesty did not start the bridge for the convenience of the people, but for the destruction of ships and sailors and the annoyance of fishermen in general. In the progress of his work old Nick dropped his hammer into the sea. Snatching at it hastily, he caught a haddock, and all haddocks carry the imprint of his black fingers to this day.—London Fishing Gazette.

Huxley on Coal Formation.

Among the important announcements made by the late Professor Huxley, and which created a great stir among scientific men, was one that the coal beds of England were not formed, as previously supposed, from trunks of trees, but almost wholly from pollen of lycopodiums, tree ferns and other cryptogamous plants.

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How often we hear this remark. For the largest variety of Meats, Provisions and Vegetables, call at the

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We have on hand all the year round, Turkeys, Chickens and Fowl at prices within every one's reach.

We also are in the market for everything new. The latest is a Beneless Pickled Pigs Feet, which we are offering to the trade at 15c. per pound.

Canned Meats, such as Turkey, Ox Tongue, Chicken, Deviled Ham, Luncheon Beef, Dried Beef, etc., kept constantly in stock. Be sure and call and examine goods.

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